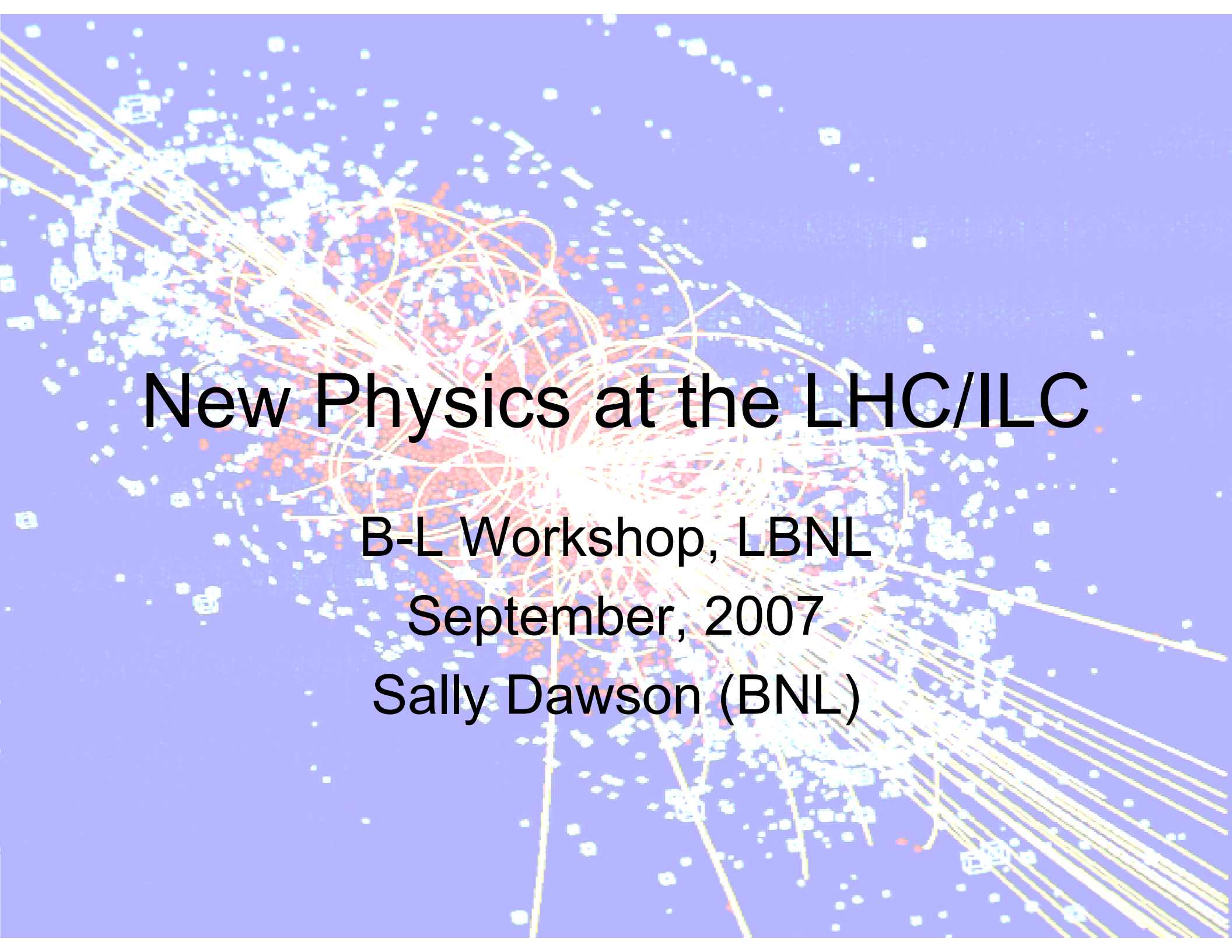


A visualization of a particle collision, likely from a detector like ATLAS or CMS. It shows a central point of impact from which numerous tracks of particles radiate outwards. The tracks are represented by thin, colored lines (yellow, orange, red) against a dark blue background. The tracks are most dense near the center and become sparser as they move away. The overall shape is roughly circular, with some tracks extending further than others.

New Physics at the LHC/ILC

B-L Workshop, LBNL

September, 2007

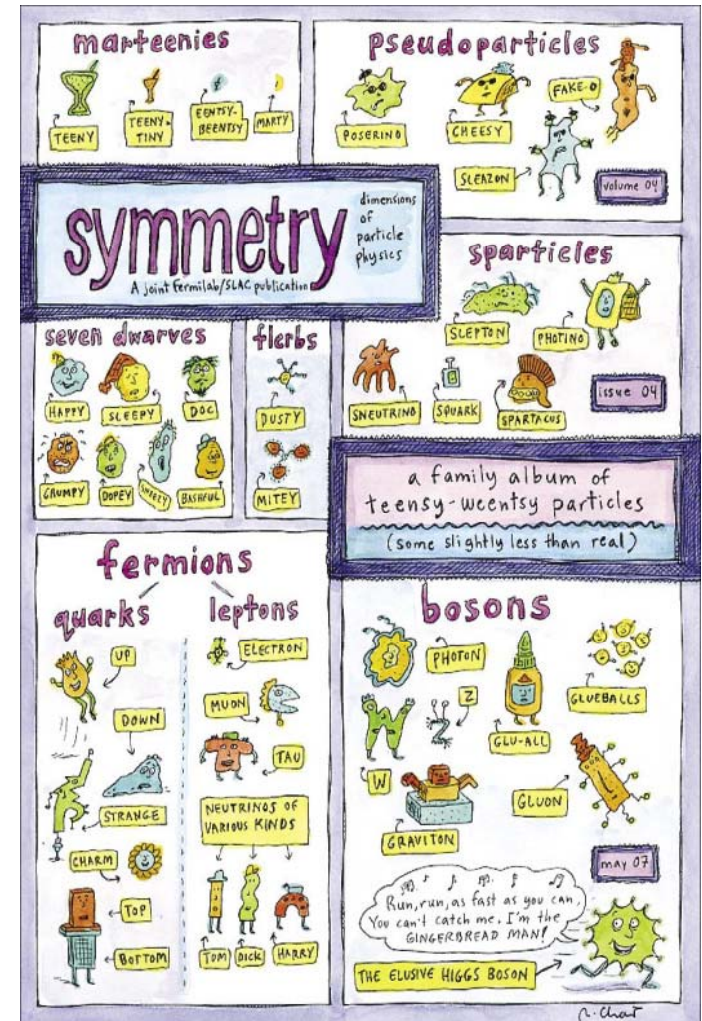
Sally Dawson (BNL)

Three Examples:

- The Higgs
- Supersymmetry
- New Z' boson

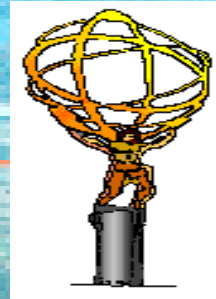
- What do we know from the Tevatron?
- What will the LHC tell us?
- What needs the ILC?

I hope we find something we haven't thought of yet!



Particle Physics in the LHC/ILC Era

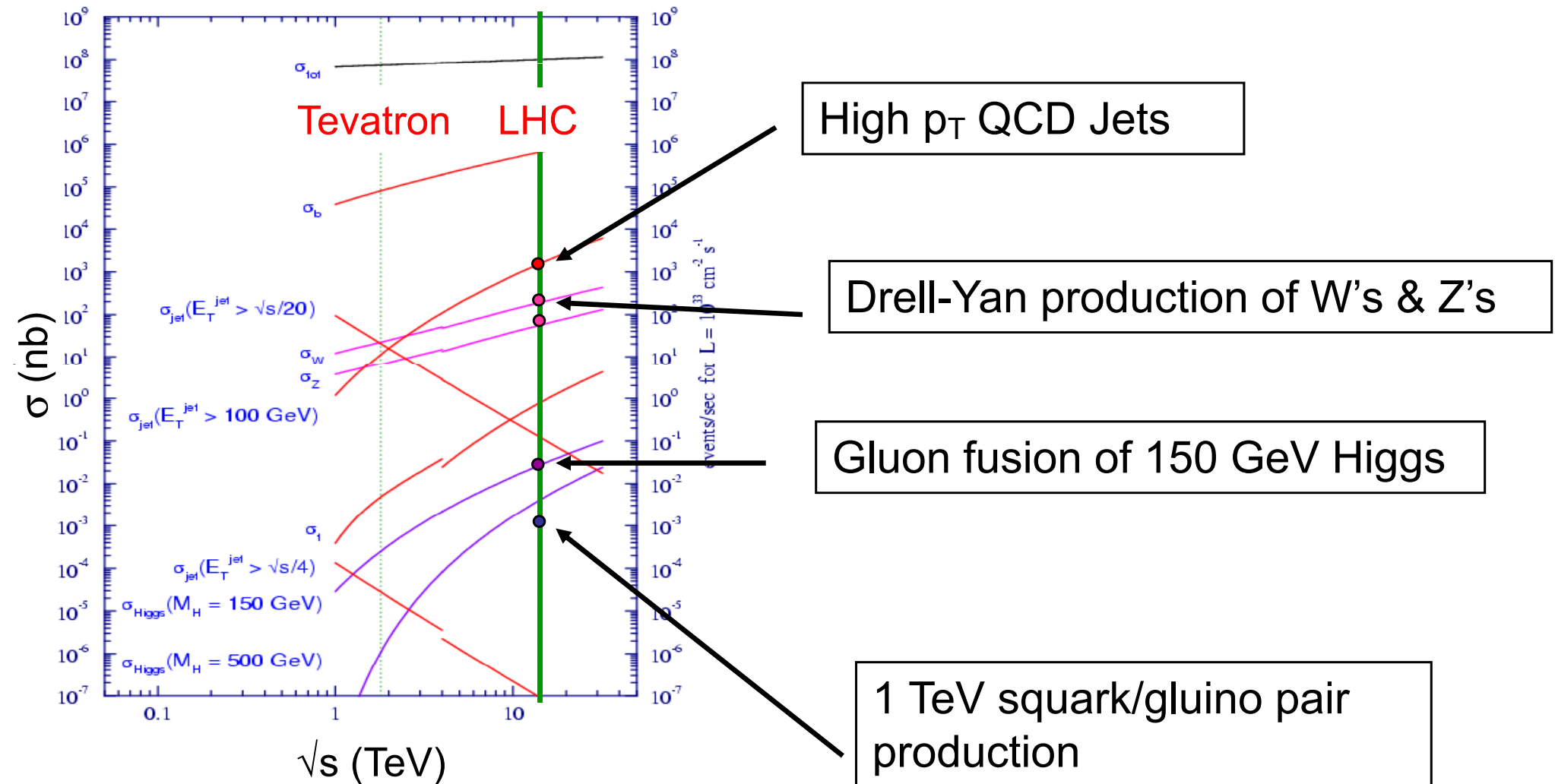
- Will be data driven





Eagerly anticipating LHC data.....

From the Tevatron to the LHC



➤ Large increase in cross sections as we go from the Tevatron to the LHC

Early Physics at the LHC

➤ $O(100 \text{ pb}^{-1})$ per experiment by early 2009

Channel	Events/100 pb ⁻¹ at LHC	Previous # of Events
$W \rightarrow \mu \nu$	10^5	10^4 LEP, 10^6 Tevatron
$Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	10^5	10^7 LEP, 10^5 Tevatron
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+ b W^- \bar{b} \rightarrow \mu \nu X$	10^4	10^4 Tevatron
QCD jets, $p_T > 1 \text{ TeV}$	$> 10^3$	
1 TeV Gluino pairs	50	

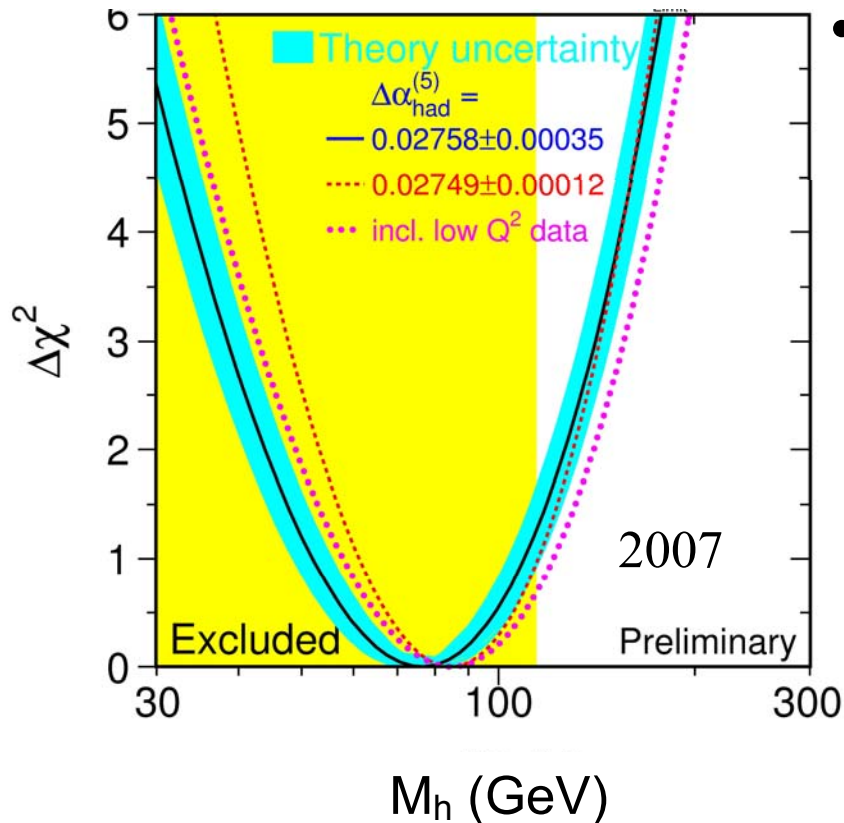
➤ Early data used to calibrate detectors

$Z \rightarrow e^+ e^-, \mu^+ \mu^-$ (Tracker, ECAL, Muon chambers calibration)

$t\bar{t} \rightarrow WbWb$ (Jet scale from $W \rightarrow jj$, b-tag efficiency, etc)

➤ **Rediscover SM physics at $\sqrt{s}=14 \text{ TeV}$: W, Z, top, QCD**

Precision measurements limit Higgs Mass

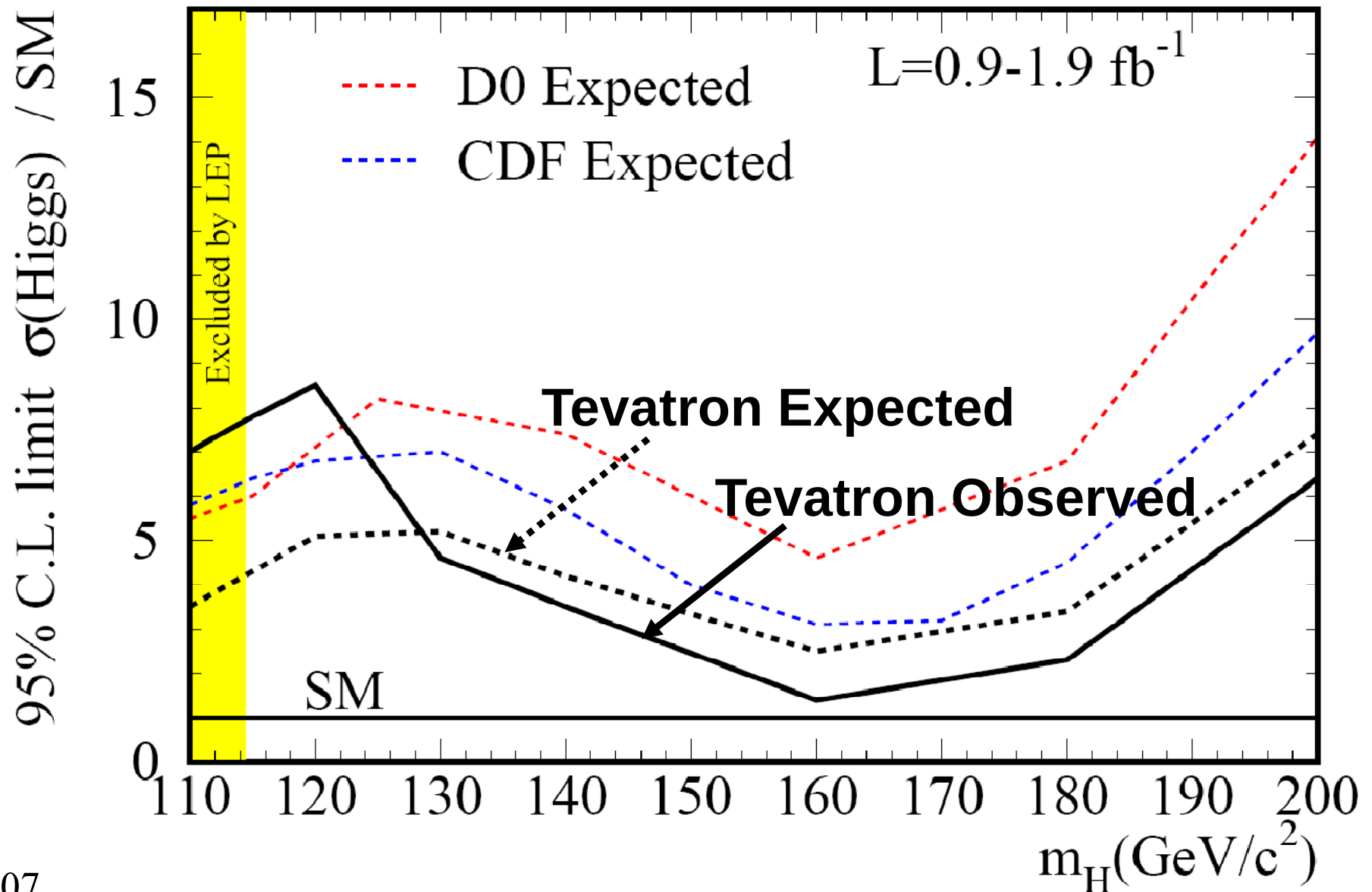


- LEP EWWG (July, 2007):
 - $M_t = 170.9 \pm 1.8$ GeV
 - $M_h = 76^{+36}_{-24}$ GeV
 - $M_h < 144$ GeV (one-sided 95% cl)
 - $M_h < 182$ GeV (Precision measurements plus direct search limit)

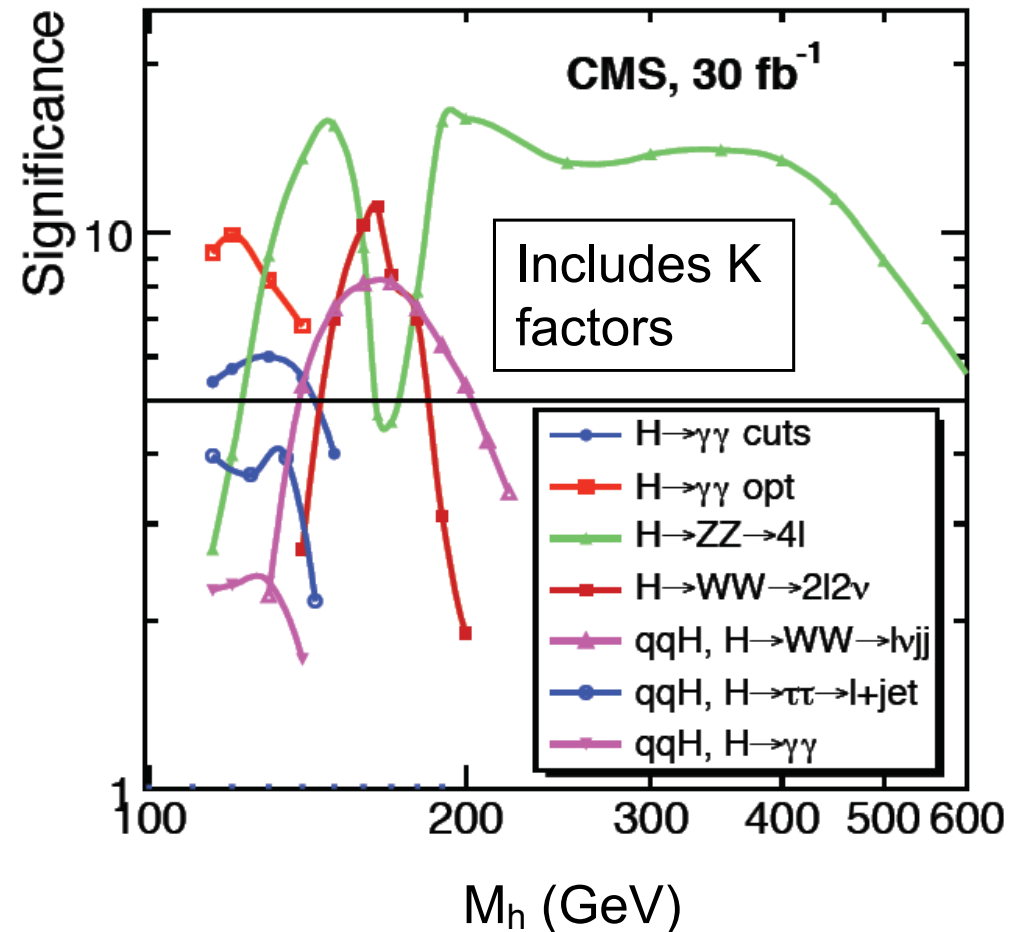
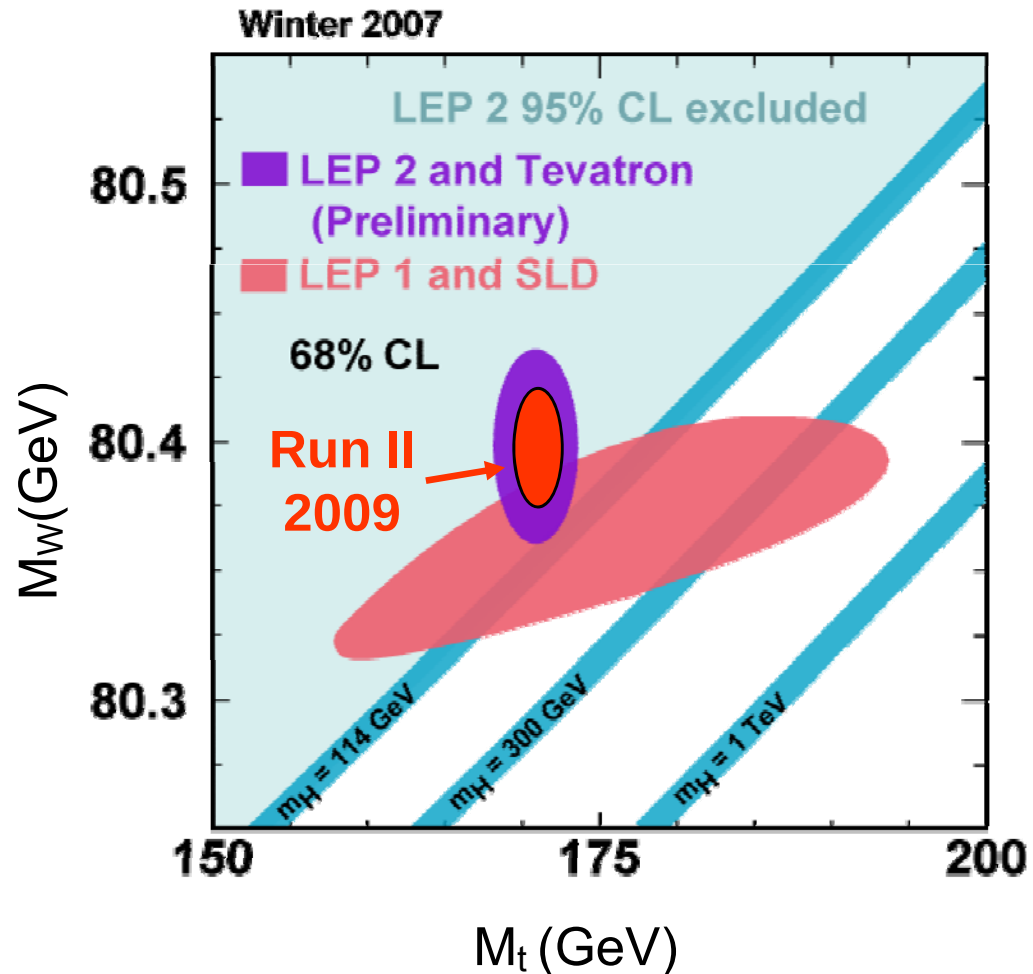
Best fit in region excluded from direct searches

SM Higgs Searches at Tevatron

Tevatron Run II Preliminary

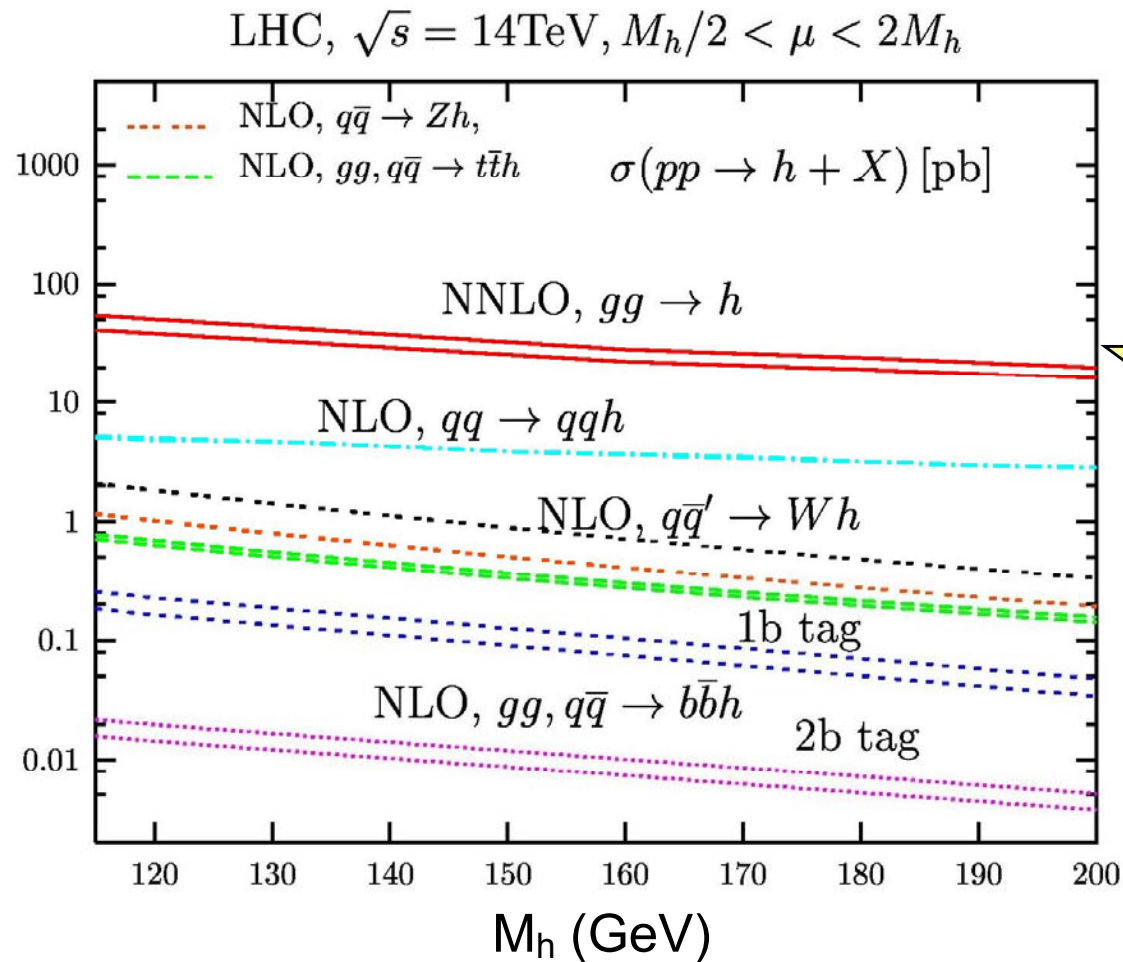


W, Top, and the Higgs



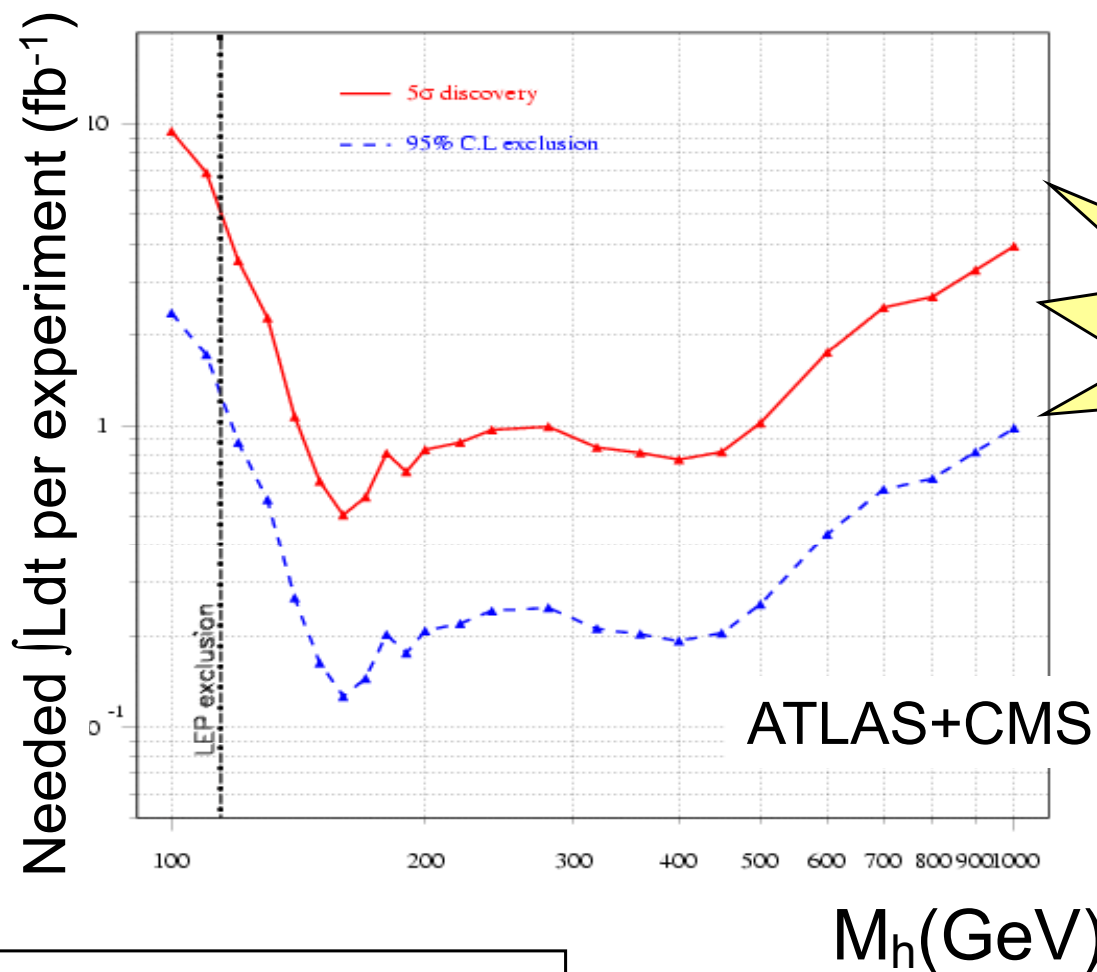
➤ Will indirect measurements agree with what the LHC sees?

SM Higgs Production at the LHC



Rates well
understood

Higgs discovery potential at the LHC

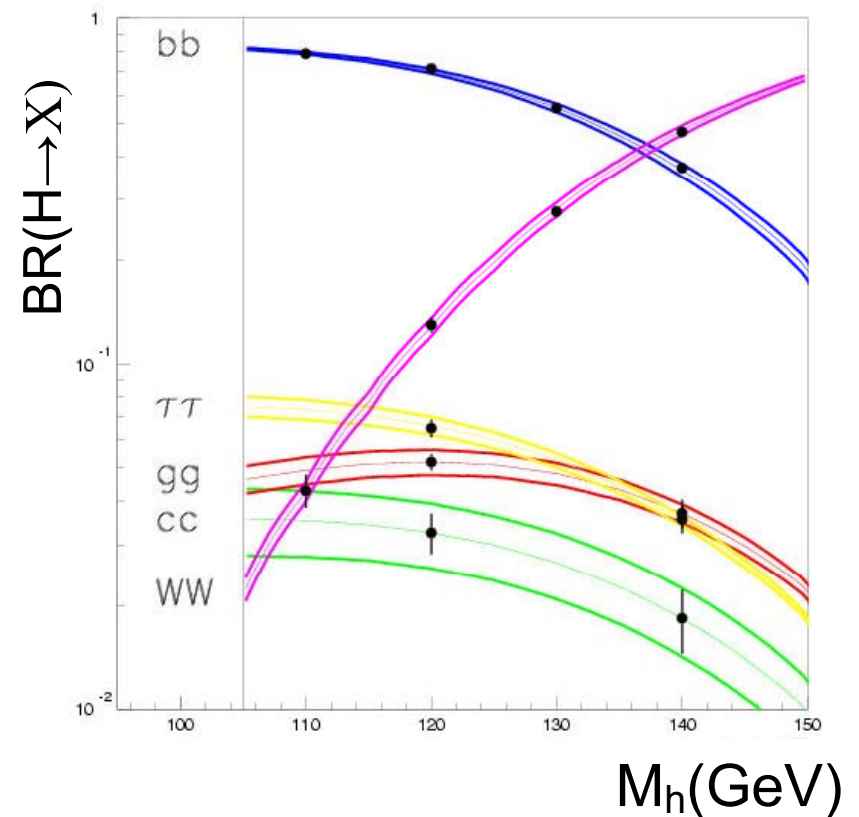
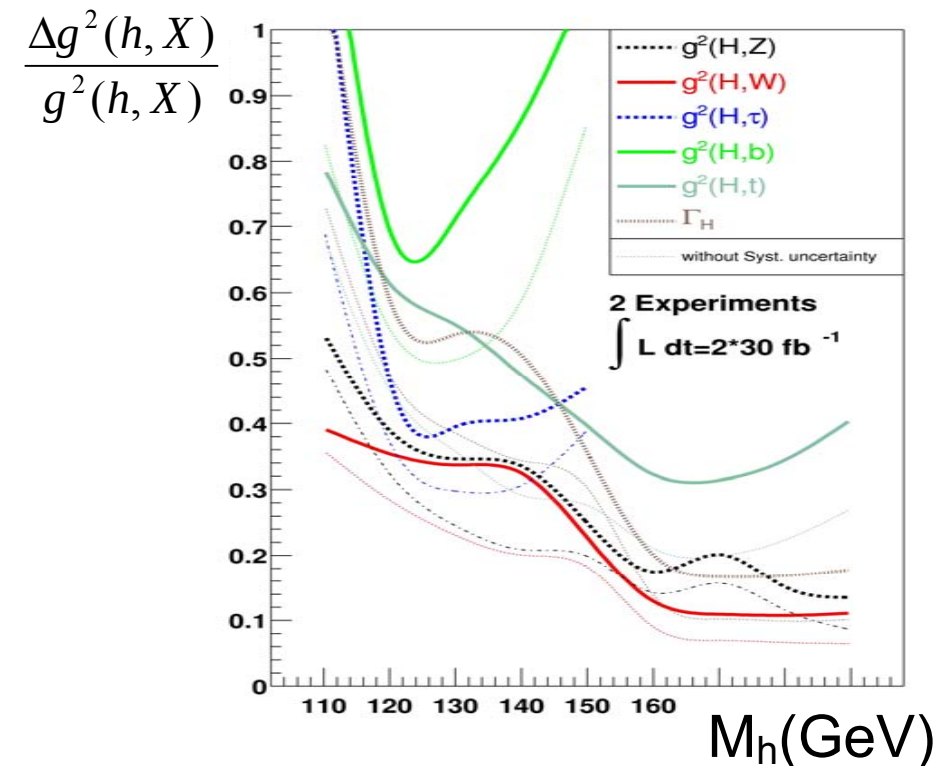


Assumes well understood detector

1 fb^{-1} : 95% C.L. exclusion
5 fb^{-1} : 5σ discovery

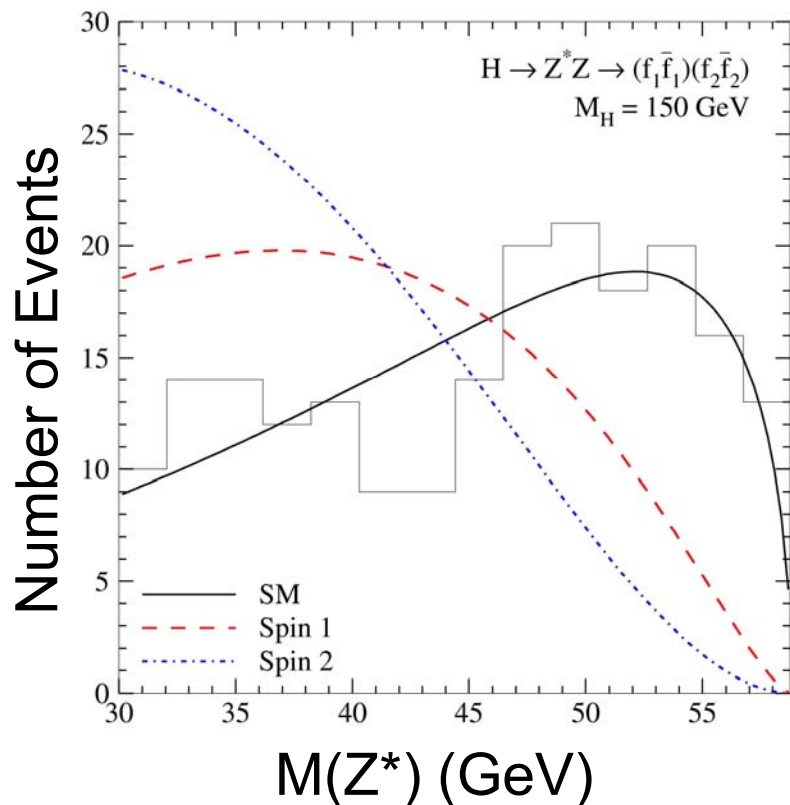
Is Mass Due to a Higgs Boson?

Self coupling of Higgs needed to reconstruct Higgs potential. Extremely challenging at both LHC and ILC



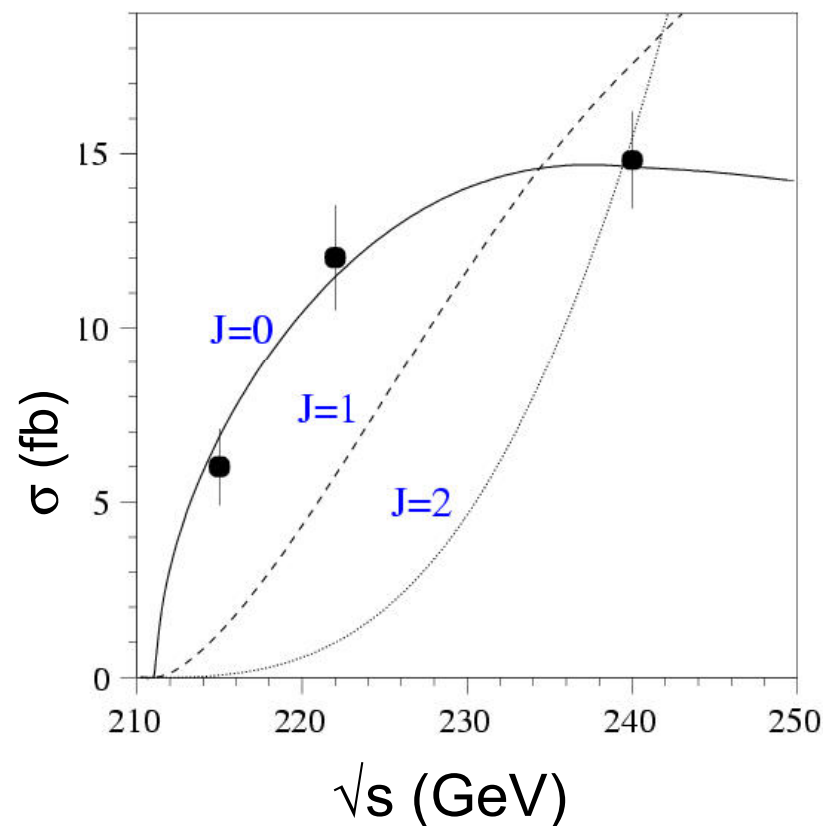
Measuring the spin of the Higgs

LHC with 300 fb⁻¹



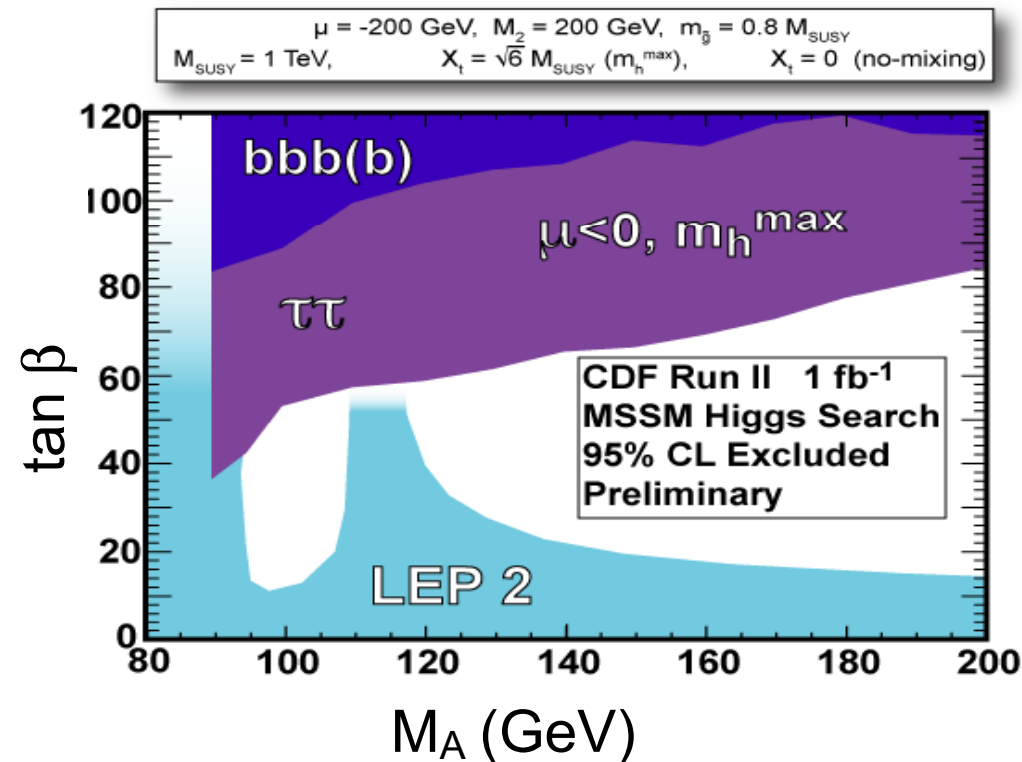
➤ Spin is hard at the LHC!

ILC with 20 fb⁻¹ /point

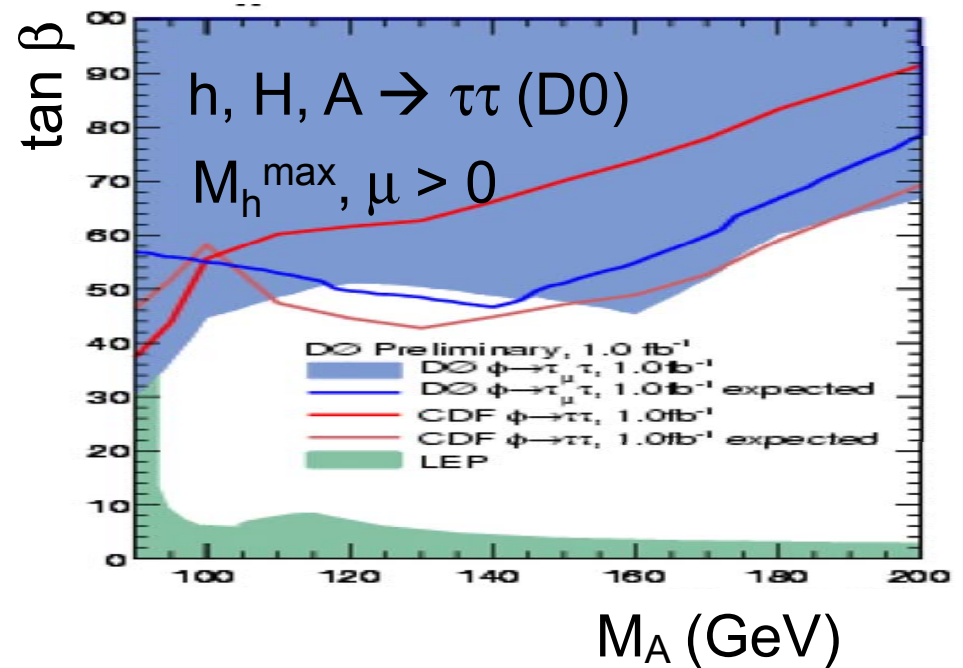


➤ Threshold behavior measures spin at ILC

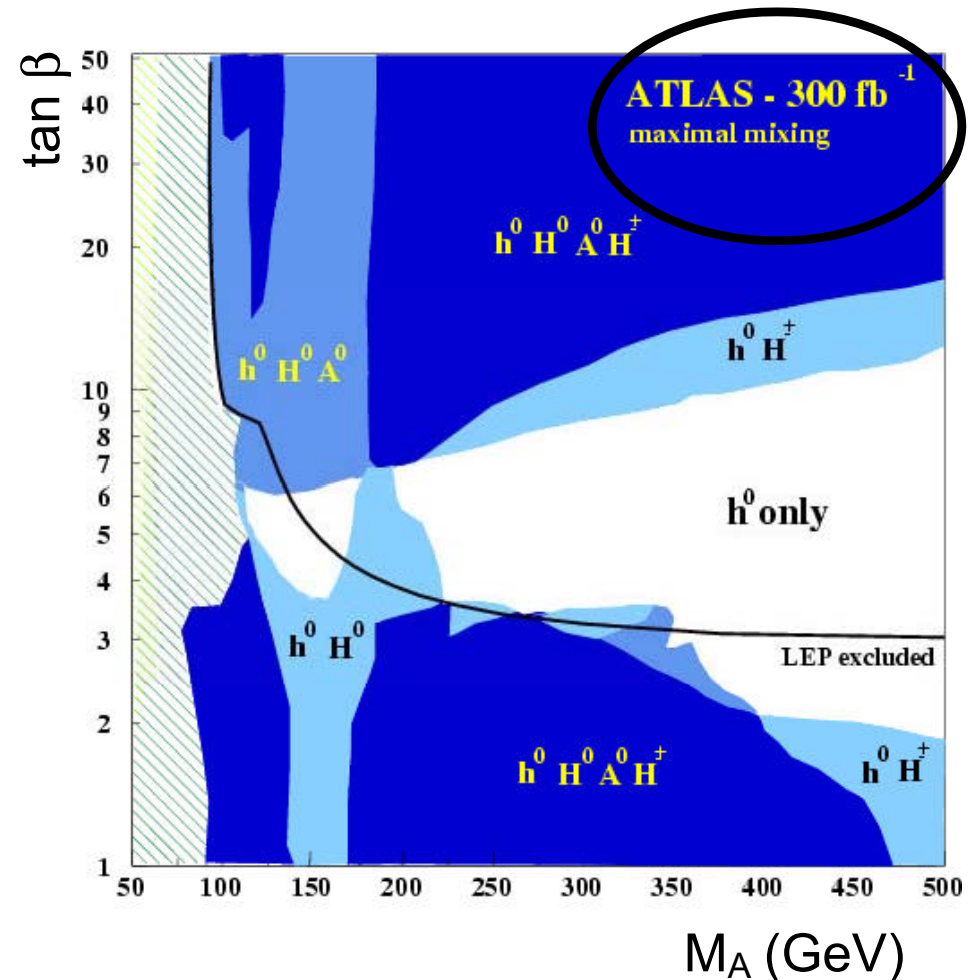
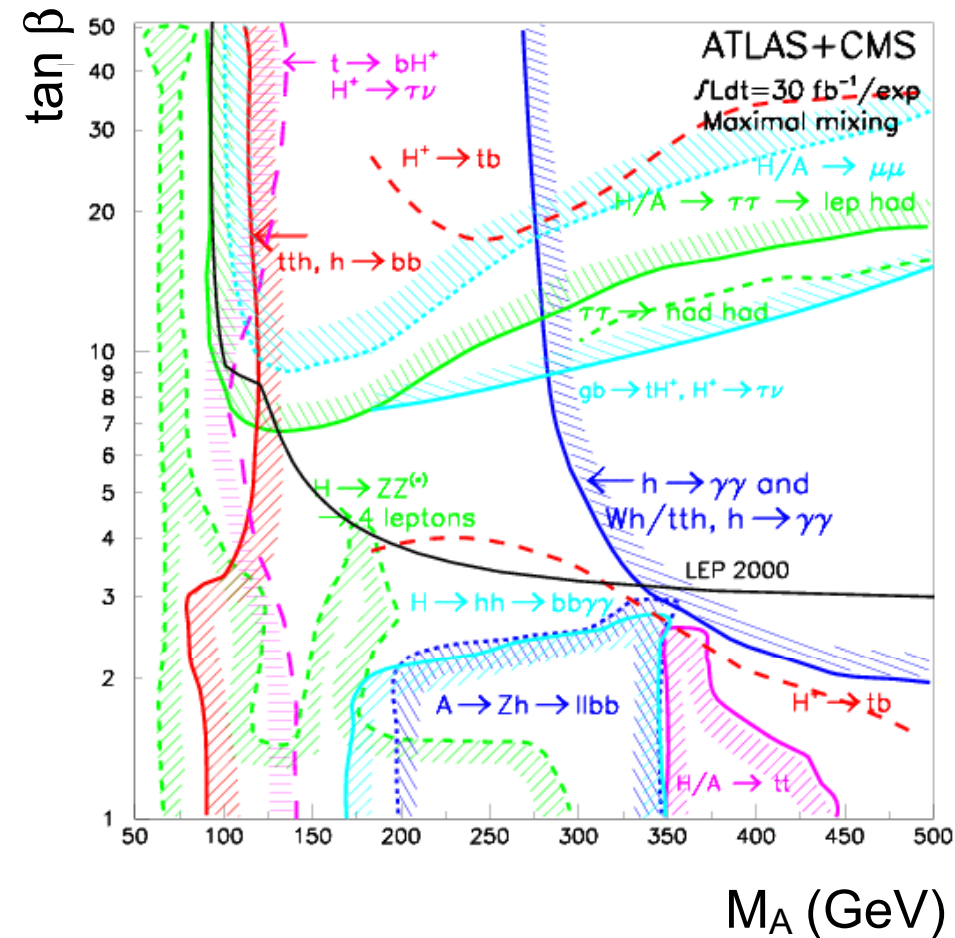
MSSM Higgs Searches at the Tevatron



➤ Dominant SUSY Higgs production mechanism is $gb \rightarrow b\phi$ for $\tan \beta > 7$



MSSM Higgs at the LHC

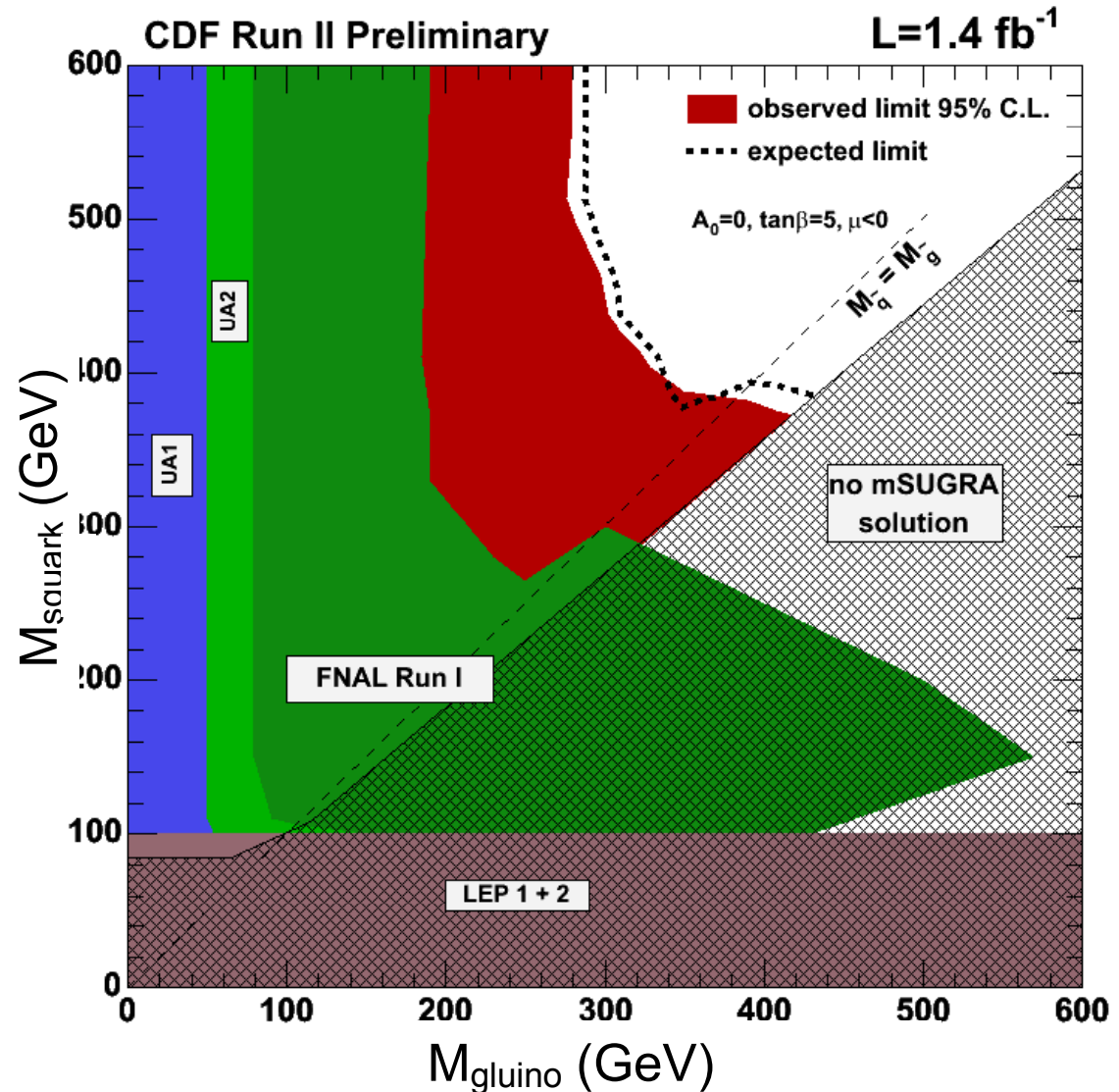


- Even with a lot (!) of data there are regions where the LHC can't get all the MSSM Higgs

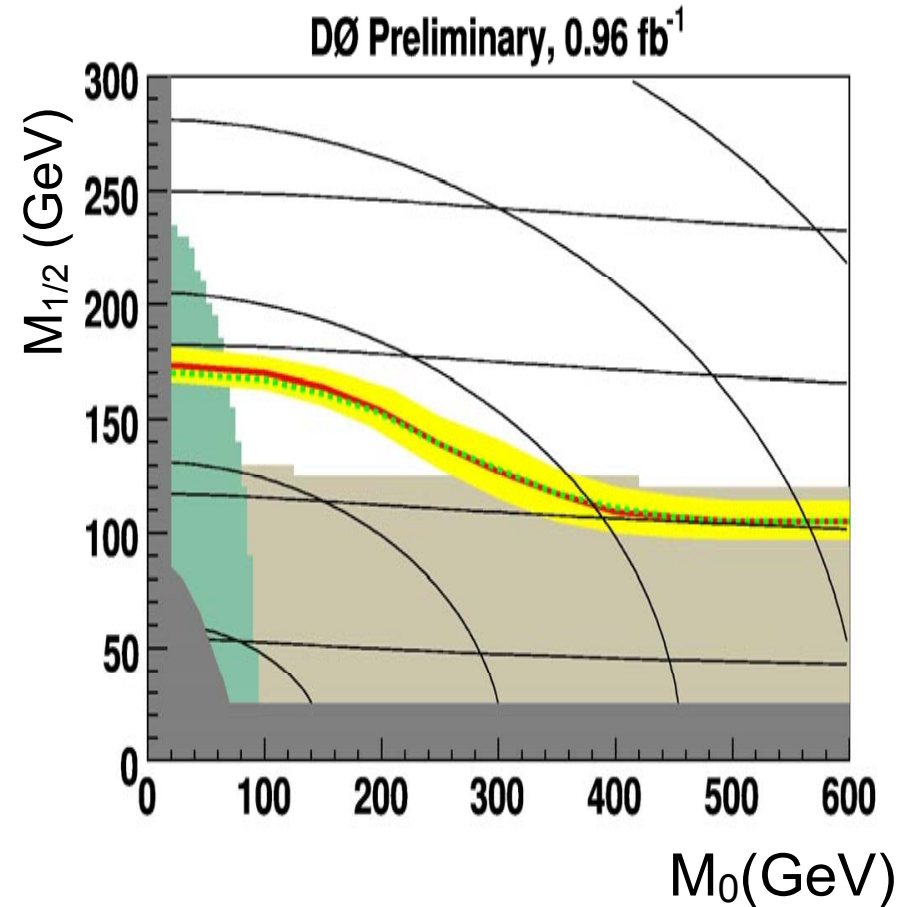
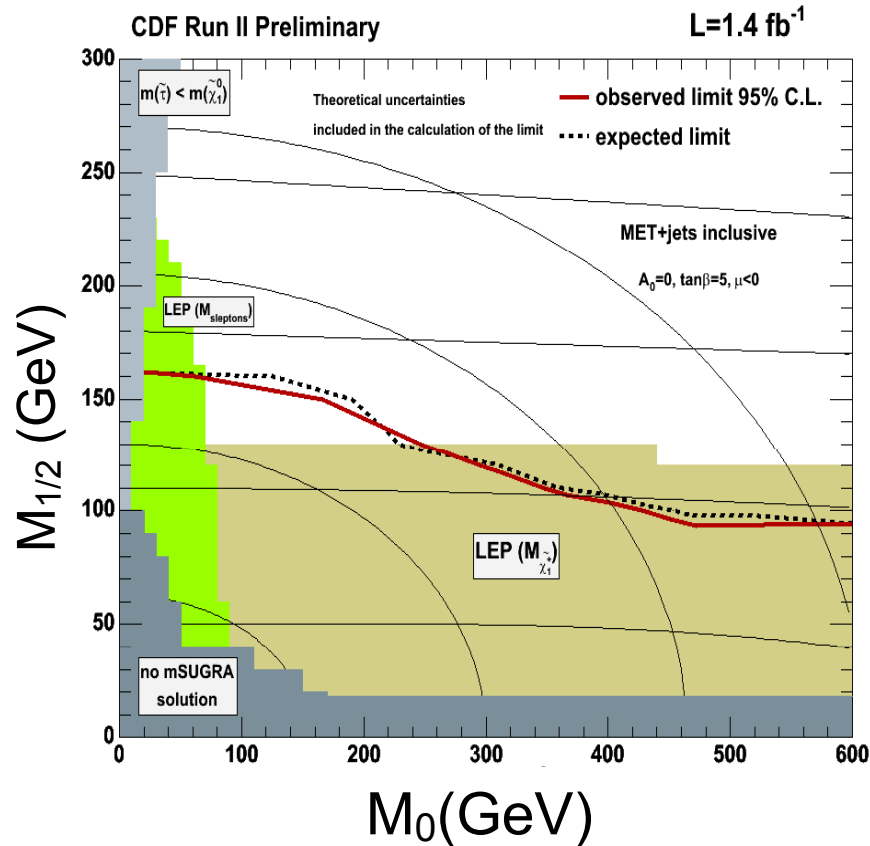
Squarks & Gluinos at the Tevatron

Strongly interacting
SUSY particles have
large rates at the
Tevatron and LHC

- $M_{\text{gluino}} > 290 \text{ GeV}$
- If $M_{\text{gluino}} = M_{\text{squark}}$,
 $M > 380 \text{ GeV}$

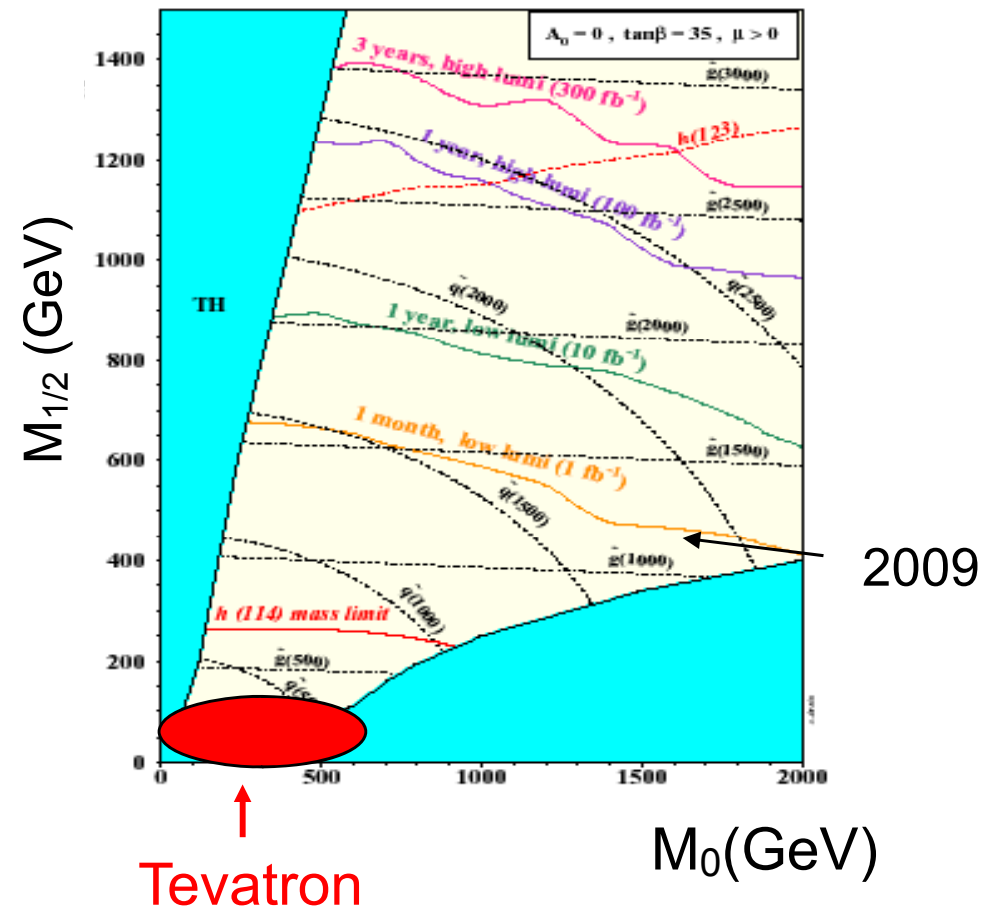
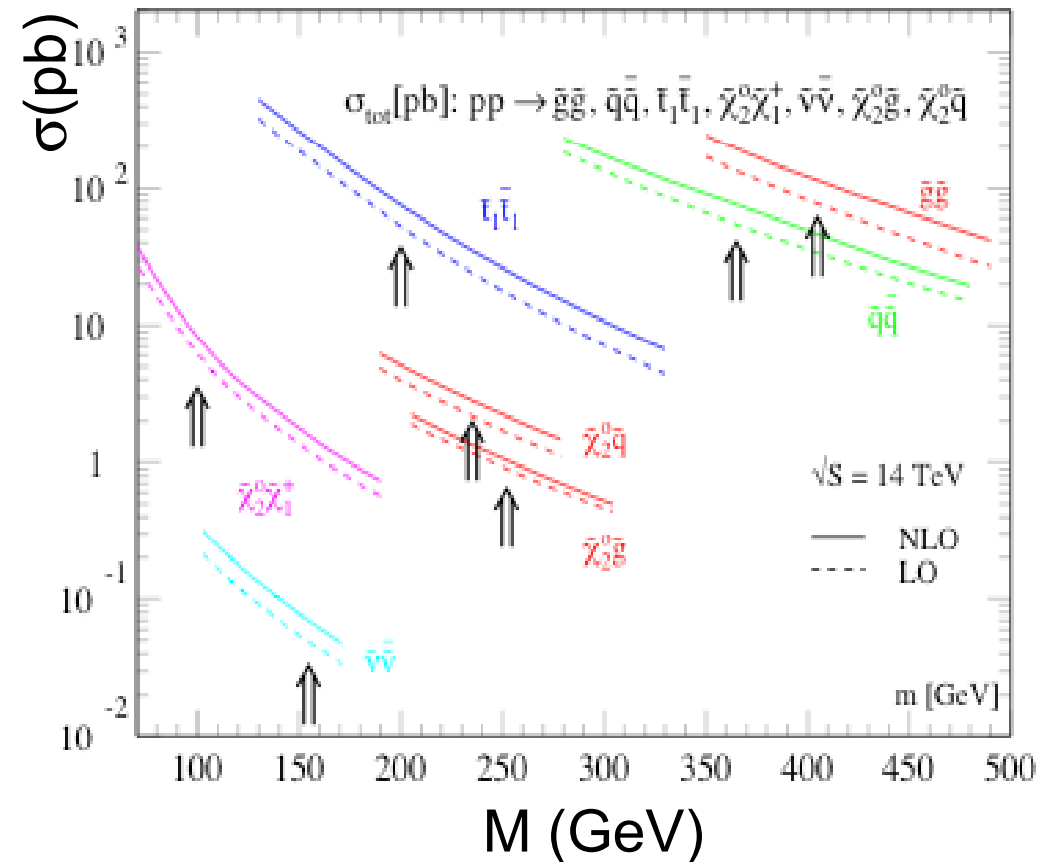


mSUGRA at the Tevatron



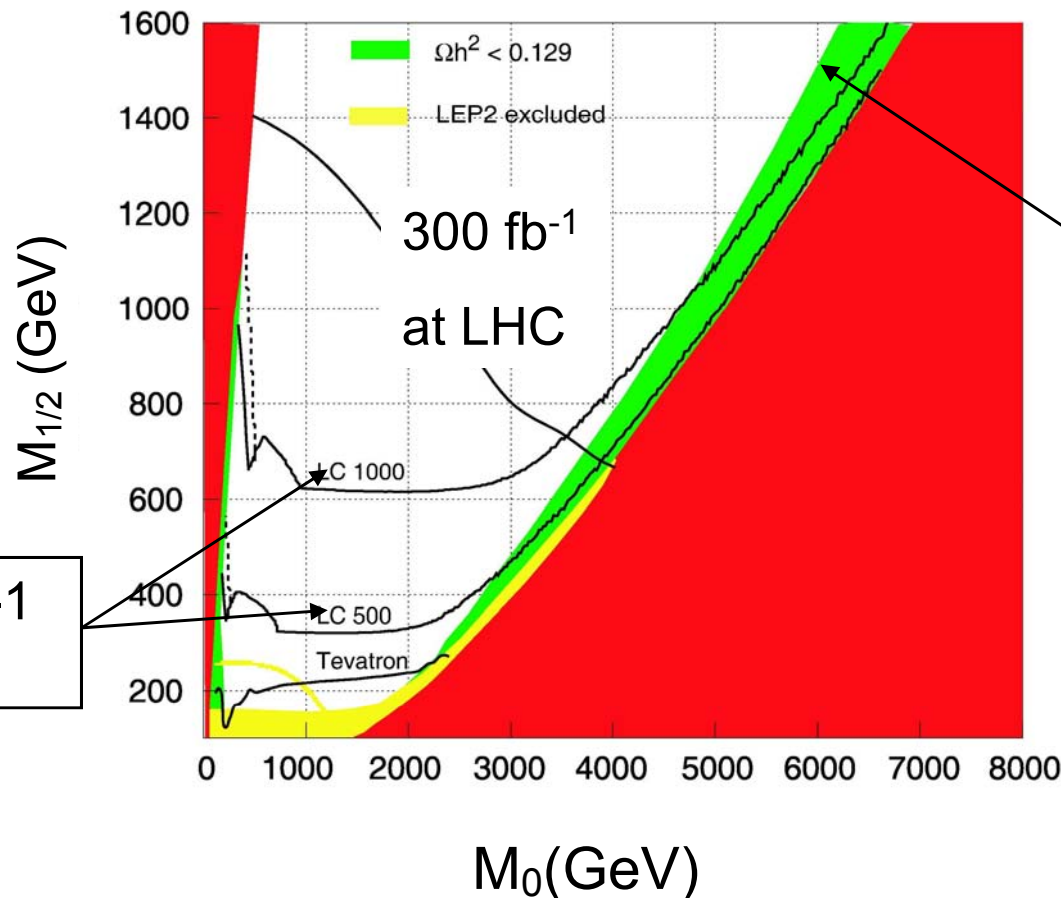
- Tevatron probes just the tip of the iceberg
- mSUGRA is useful framework for study

SUSY at the LHC



- Huge rates; well defined signatures
 - $M(\text{gluino, squark}) \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$ gives 100 events with 100 pb^{-1} at LHC
- Immediate improvements over Tevatron limits

If LSP is dark matter, and SUSY is mSUGRA.....LHC and ILC will see SUSY



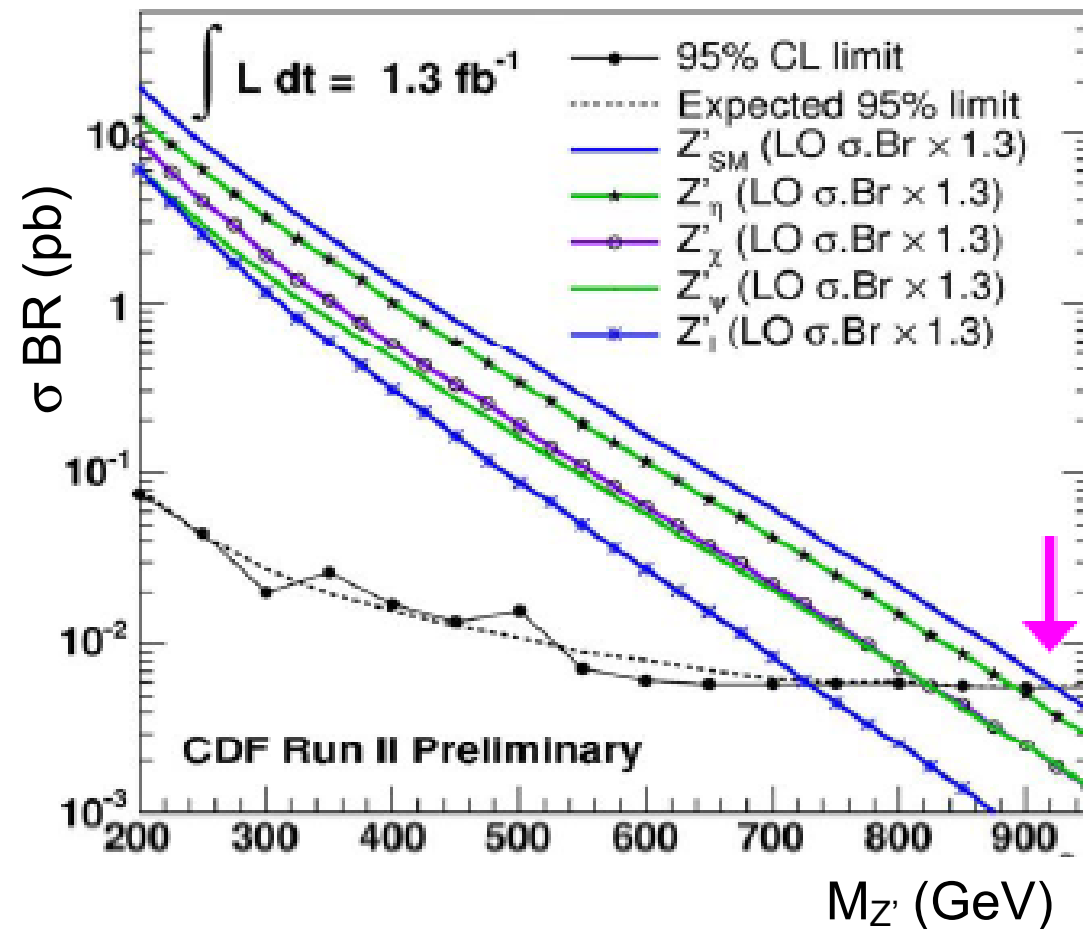
Region allowed in mSUGRA by WMAP with LSP as dark matter

100 fb-1
at ILC

$\tan \beta = 30$, $A_0 = 0$, $\mu > 0$

Z' at the Tevatron

$$Z' \rightarrow e^+ e^-$$

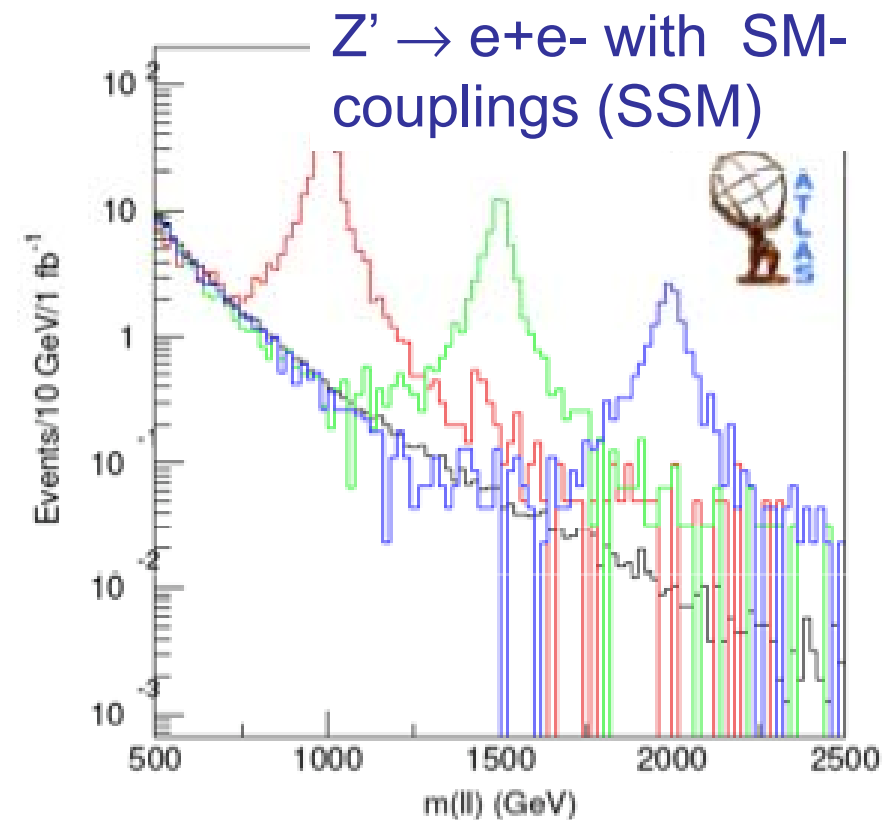


Many different
types of Z's
are possible

New Z' boson at the LHC

Z' Mass (TeV)	Events with 1 fb ⁻¹	Discovery Luminosity (10 events)
1.0	160	70 pb ⁻¹
1.5	30	300 pb ⁻¹
2.0	7	1.5 fb ⁻¹

- Small SM background
- Narrow peak above background

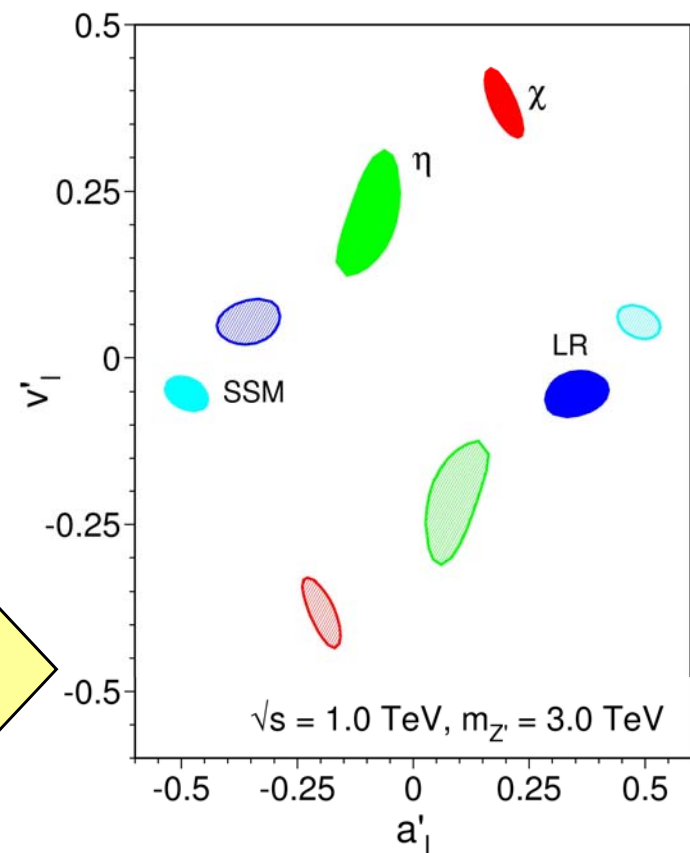


ILC Needed for Z' Coupling Measurement

- Which Z' is it?
 - Kaluza Klein state?
 - Copy of standard model?
 - Extended gauge symmetry?

ILC cleanly distinguishes between models

Z' couplings to leptons



$L=1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$, $P_{-}=0.8$, $P_{+}=0.6$, $\Delta P=0.5\%$, $\Delta \text{sys (lep)}=0.2\%$

S. Riemann

Conclusions

