

Greg Aldering Staff Scientist SNf Project Lead



- Interests: observational cosmology and instrumentation, specialty in SN la spectroscropy
- Involved in SCP, JDEM

Nearby Supernova Factory

- Reduce SN la systematics for cosmology by using wellstudied samples of low-reshift SNe la
- Flux-calibrated spectral time series of SNe la
- Starting work on astrophysical absolute color calibration

IceCube: PeV photon showers

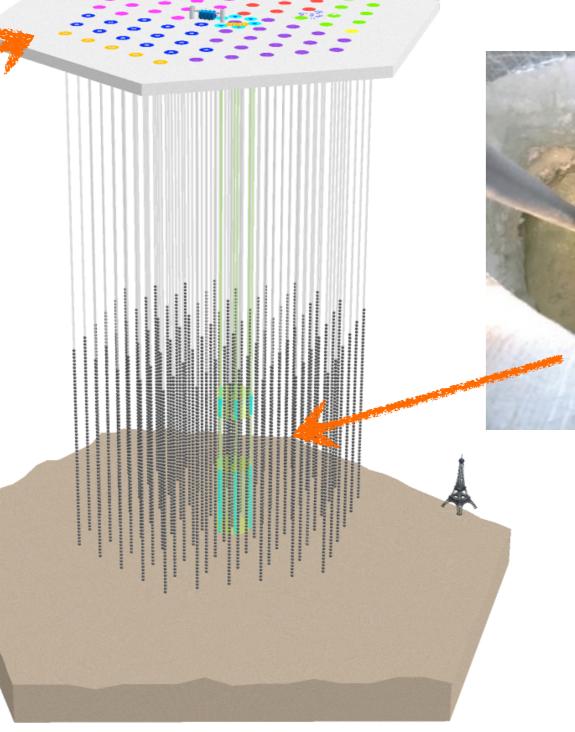


Stijn Buitink

Cosmic Ray Shower: random arrival direction high muon content

Photon Shower: pointing back to source

low muon content





Mike Childress Grad Student Supernova Factory



Host Galaxies of Type la Supernovae

- Study SN la progenitors by observing the galaxies in which they are born



 Measure galaxy age, stellar mass, and metallicity from imaging and spectroscopy



 Study correlations of SN properties with galaxy properties to better standardize SNe la



Special topics:



- SNe la in low-metallicity galaxies
- Host galaxies of super-Chandrasekhar SNe la











Joanne Cohn

Cluster of galaxies and galaxies in clusters studies using mostly N-body simulations with Martin & Yookyung (and earlier Renske)

Clusters of galaxies:

- Cluster finding in simulations (SZ, optical)
- •Multiwavelength cluster mass estimates, line of sight dependence (SZ, richness, WL, velocity dispersions)
- •Filaments and how they correlate with and affect these measurements and especially their scatter
 - •How to pull out their presence with multiwavelength data

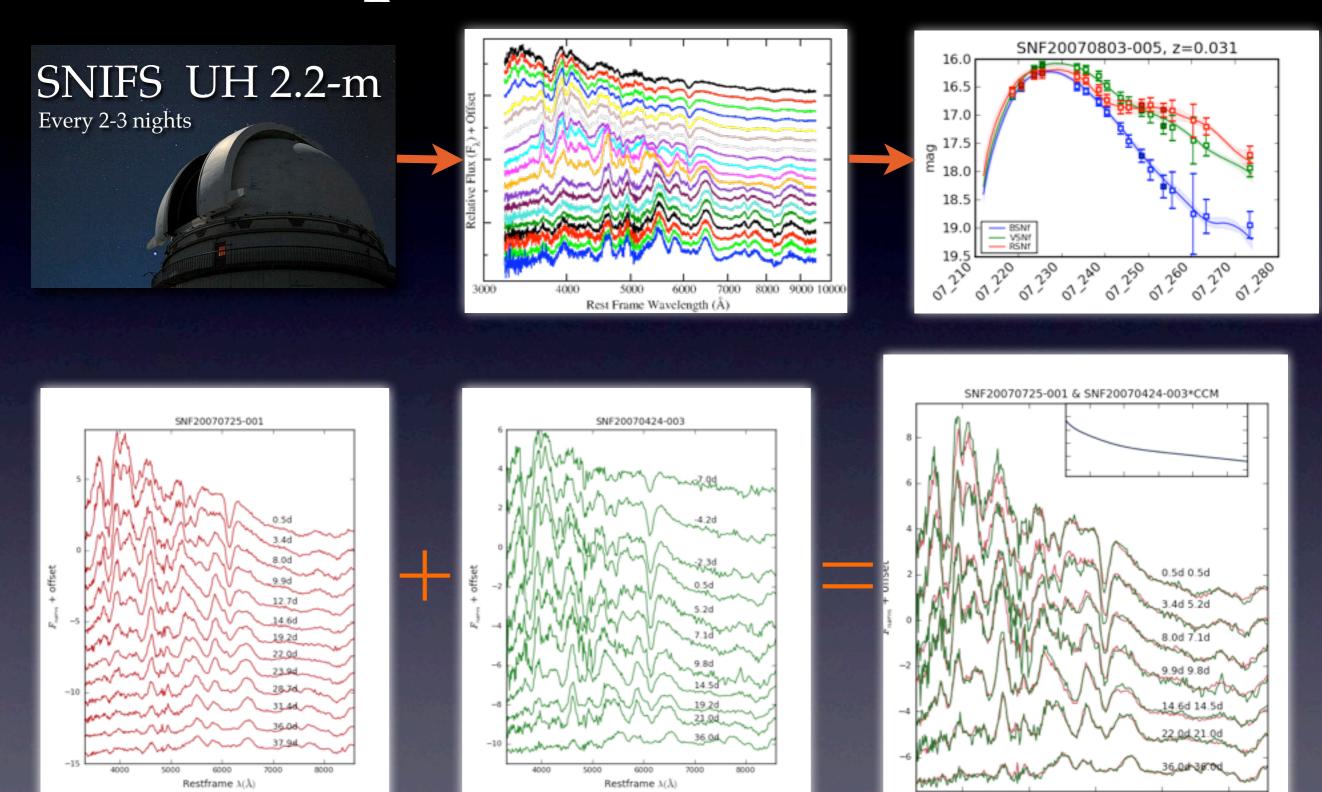
Galaxies in clusters

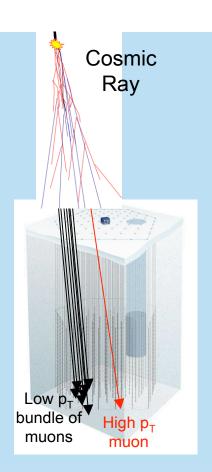
- •Retain the memory of where they came (how much, effects on evolution in cluster)?
- Merge more often than expected earlier--consequences for galaxy evolution?

Twin Supernova

Hannah Fakhouri SNfactory

Restframe $\lambda(\lambda)$

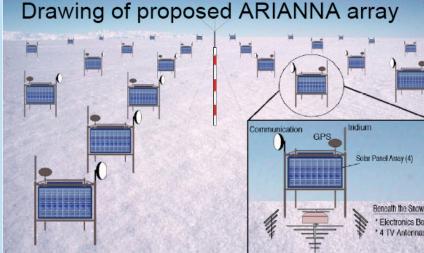




IceCube and ARIANNA

- IceCube: High p_T Muons
 - Created by π, K, and heavy quark hadrons produced early in cosmic ray showers with E_{CM} ≥ 1 TeV
 - IceCube is able to track muons with a minimum separation of ~200 m (p_T ~ 8 GeV/c)
 - An independent method to measure CR composition in the region of the CR "knee"

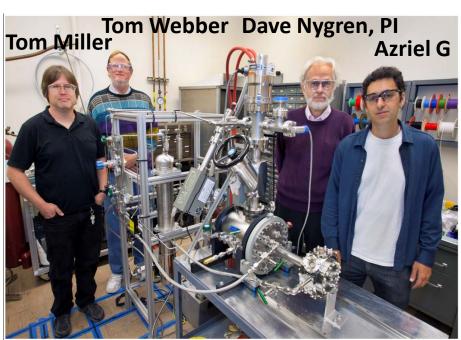
- ARIANNA: An ultra high energy neutrino detector
 - Detects radio Cherenkov emission from GZK neutrinos (E_v > 10⁸ GeV)
 - Uses sea/ice reflection on Ross Ice Shelf
 - Prototype station deployed last season
 - Calculated electromagnetic interaction length when LPM effect is strong (E_v > 10¹¹ GeV)



Lisa Gerhardt

High Pressure Electroluminescent Xenon TPC for neutrinoless double beta decay



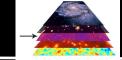




PLUS: **Helmuth Spieler, Derek Shuman, Dennis Chan (UG)**AND help from Stu Loken, Jim Siegriest

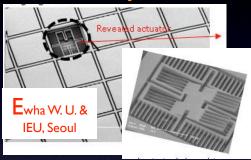
Currently assembling in Bldg 70Aa prototype 1kg of Xe TPC to demonstrate energy resolution 0.5~ 1 % FWHM Part of NEXT Collab. towards 100 kg 136Xe in Canfranc (Spain)

Bruce Grossan 2010-2011

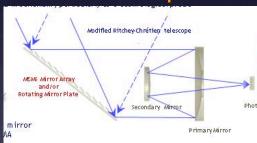


 UFFO msec optical Gamma-Ray Burst Space Observatory

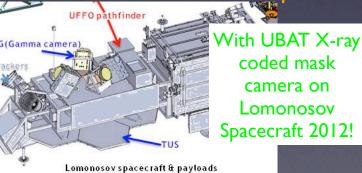
MEMS µmirror Array....



Steers telescope beam....



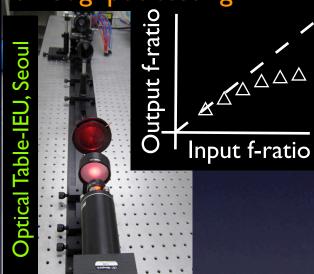
ightharpoonup first 10^{-3} - 100 s in optical



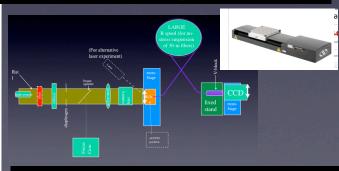
W/ II Park, UFFO collab.

IBBOSS
 BigBOSS Fiber Testing/
 Quality Control

Focal ratio degradation & throughput testing



Automate - Repeat 5000X!

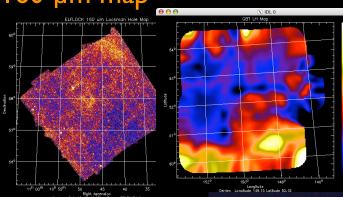


W/ HJ Lim, IEU, BigBOSS collab.

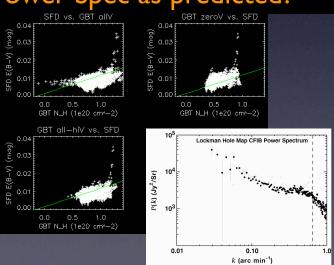
 CMB foregrounds/ other "backgrounds"

Lockman Hole 160 µm map





Which velocities correlate? Power Spec as predicted?

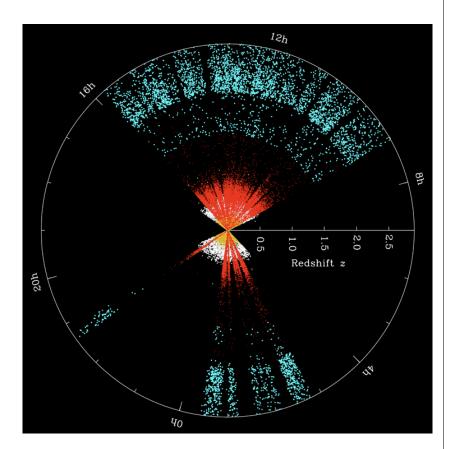


Dust prediction 200GHz?

w/Smoot & I hope Sudeep Das will agree to participate!





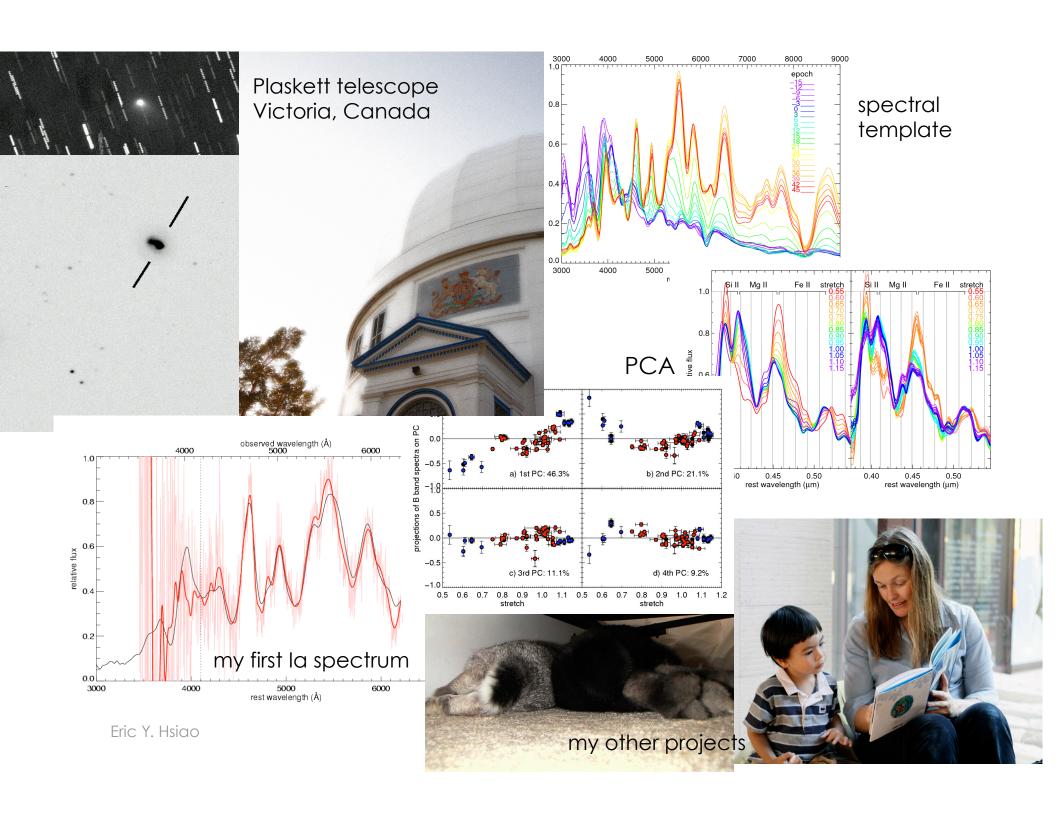




Shirley Ho cwho@lbl.gov

I am a physicist whose interest evolved from high energy particle physics, Quantum computing when I was a young undergraduate at Berkeley, to cosmology as I get older. Now, my major interests are in projects called SDSS III, and Planck Satellite, working with wonderful scientists all over the world, especially those who sit next to me at Lawrence Berkeley National Lab, thanks to the Seaborg and Chamberlain Fellowships.



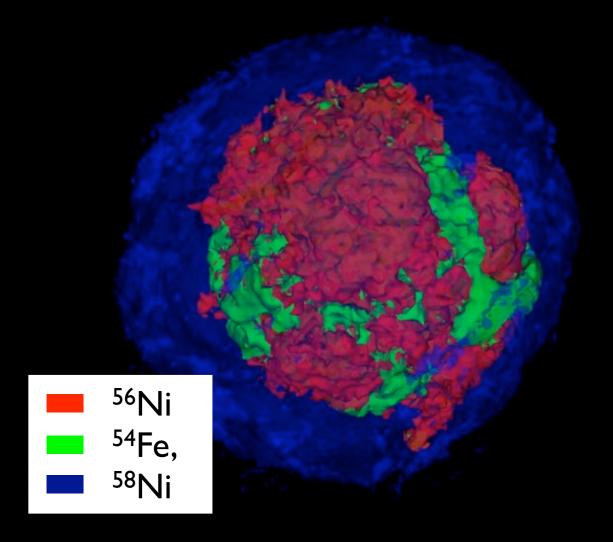


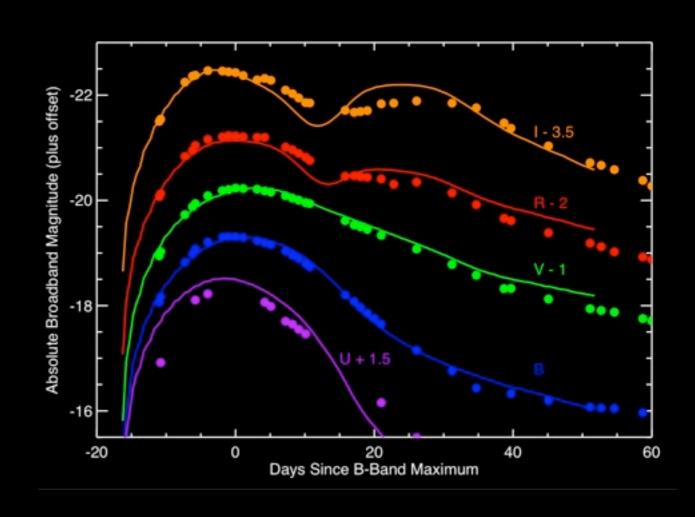
Dan Kasen

LBNL NSD & UCB physics building 70A-239

computational astrophysics modeling of supernovae & transients

hydrodynamics/nuclear physics/neutrino-photon transport





Dr Joanna Kiryluk

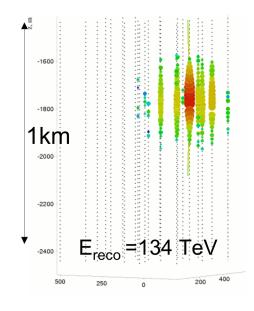
Physicist Project Scientist

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IceCube experiment at the SouthPole:

neutrino induced cascades.

$$v_e + N \rightarrow e + X (CC)$$
 and $v + N \rightarrow v + X (NC)$

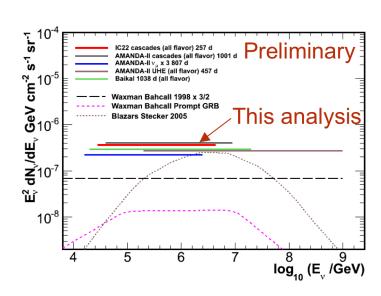


STAR

STAR experiment at RHIC:

Spin structure of the nucleon (pol. pdf's) from polarized proton-proton collisions.

PDSF computing cluster at NERSC: Computing for IceCube (PI) and STAR.



Dr Joanna Kiryluk

Physicist Project Scientist



IceCube experiment at the SouthPole:

neutrino induced cascades.

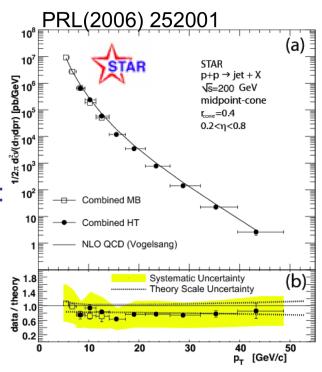
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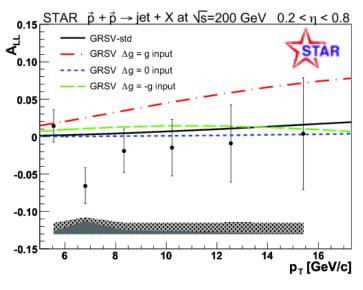


STAR experiment at RHIC:

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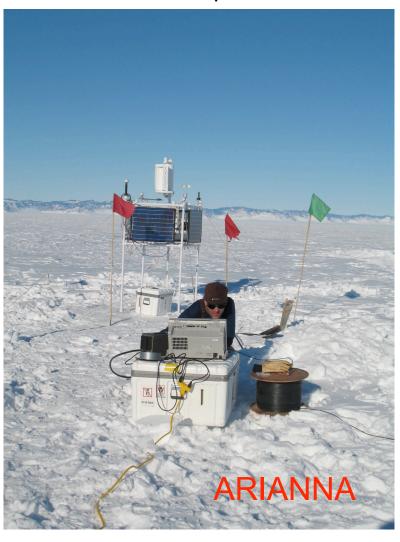


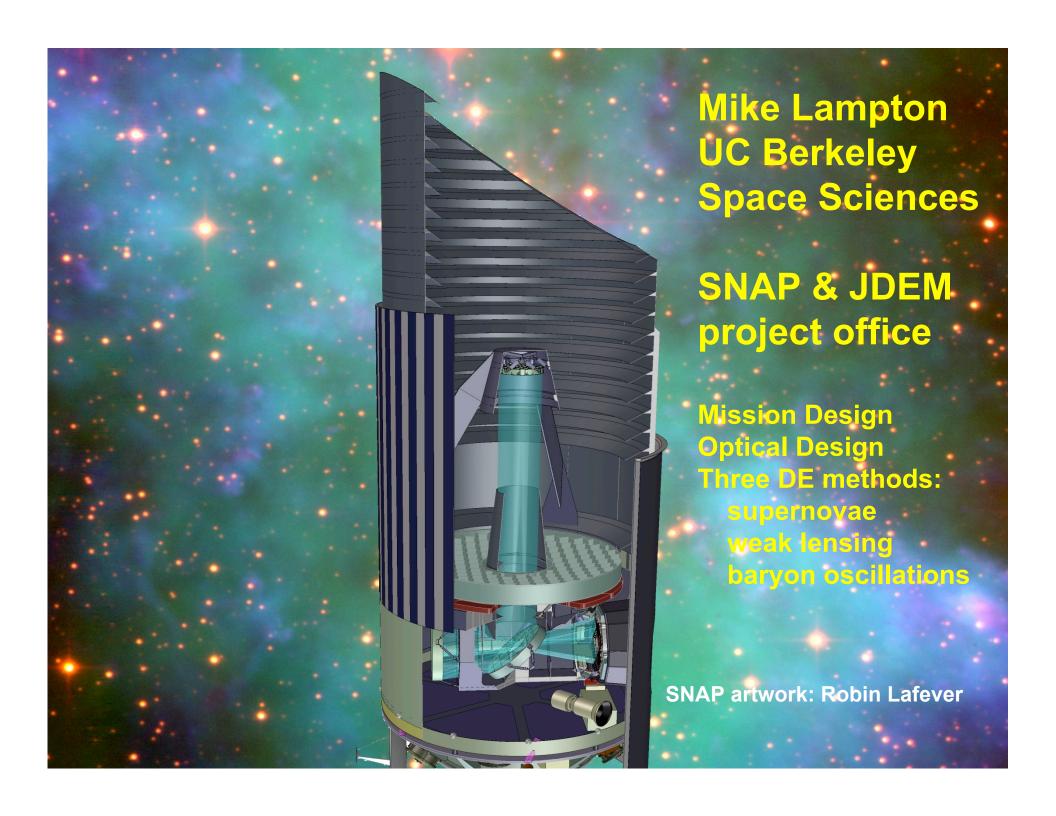
Neutrino Astronomy in Antarctica

- Finding the sources of high energy cosmic-rays
- The 1 km³ IceCube is optimized for 100 GeV to 100 PeV neutrinos
- The proposed 100 km³ ARIANNA detector is optimized for energies above 10¹⁷ eV



Spencer Klein

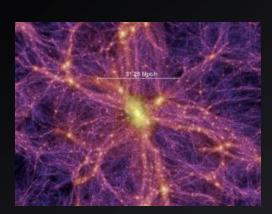






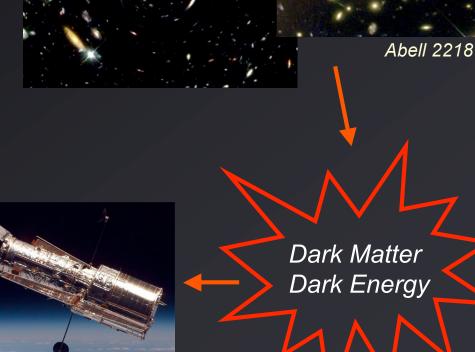
GRAVITATIONAL LENSING

Alexie Leauthaud



Springel et al. 2005

- The Galaxy-Dark Matter connection.
- The Dark Matter content of groups and clusters (Matt George)
- Maps of the Dark Matter distribution
- Cosmological parameters
- WFIRST!



COSMOS survey - HST

asleauthaud@lbl.gov



Mariola Lesiak-Bzdak Guest, IceCube

Searching for extra-terrestrial v_e v_e (cascade) simulation LED (flasher) data analysis **Bedrock LEDs** LED (flasher) event

Glass Pressure Housing



Eric Linder (co-Director INPA)



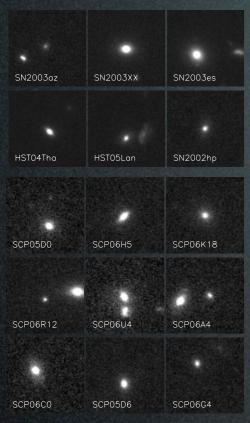
Current Research:

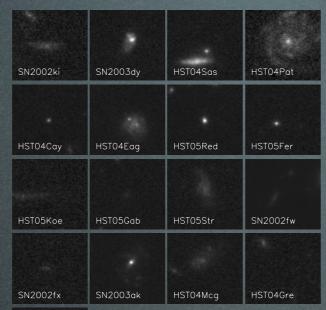
Theory models, science design and science reach of experiments, cosmology fitting to data, systematics, new windows on dark energy and gravity.

- "Early, cold, or stressed dark energy" beyond w
- Parametrizing gravity theories (scale/time dependence)
- Analysis of methods to control SN, WL systematics
- Theory motivation for w~-1 (DBI, barotropic, gravity)
- LSS simulations away from Λ
- Statistical methods for correlated reconstruction of w(z)
- Neutrino mass

BigBOSS, Dome A, JDEM, PolarBear, SCP

The Host Galaxies of SNe Ia (Josh Meyers)



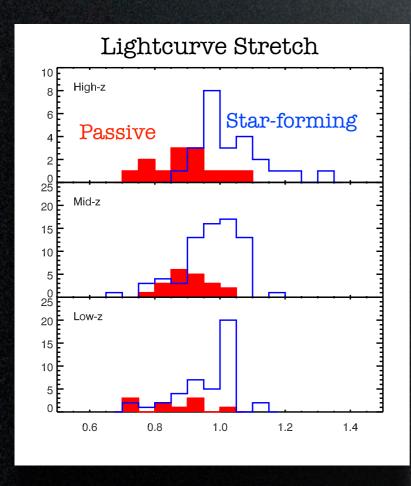


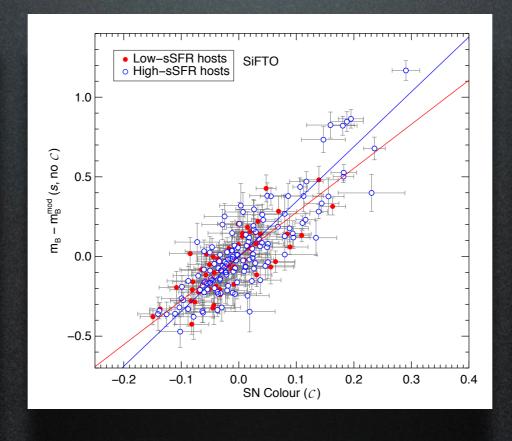
SNe Ia are correlated with their hosts:

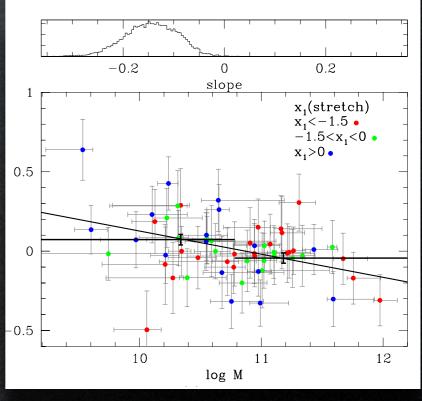
- 1. SN rate increases with SF rate
- 2. SN LC is faster in early-type hosts
- 3. CMR is shallower in early-type hosts
- 4. SNe Ia are brighter in more massive hosts

HST040mb

I look at the photometry, morphology and spectroscopy of SNe hosts to classify them.





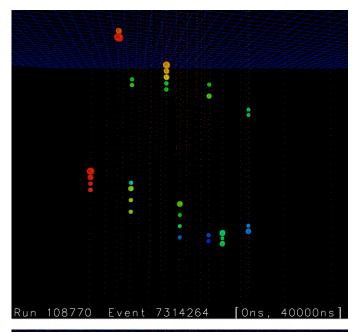


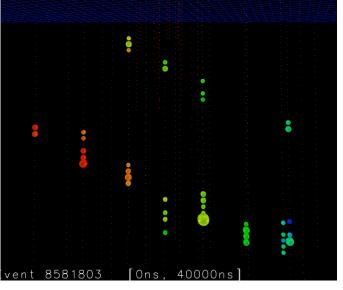
Sandy Miarecki

UCB Graduate Student IceCube Group: Spencer Klein

Research: Searching IceCube for upgoing double-tracks of charged particles (as predicted by some Supersymmetry and Kalusa-Klein models)

Service project: Improving muon energy measurements in IceCube using dE/dx.







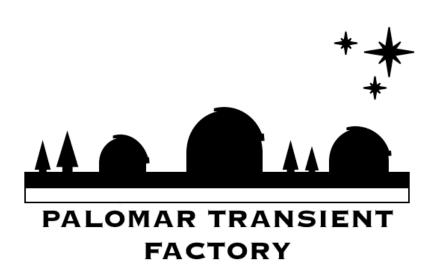
Leads: Peter Nugent & Julian Borrill

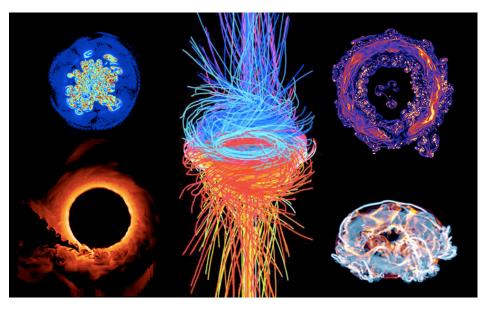
Members: Janos Botyanszki, Chris Cantalupo, Nino Cucchiara, Ben Dilday, Ted Kisner, Dovi Poznanski, Rajesh

Sudarsan and Rollin Thomas

Visitors/Guests/Associates: Ed Baron, Josh Bloom, Dan Kasen, Radek Stompor

We are involved in a variety of astrophysics-related projects, both theoretical and observational, which require HPC resources. These include: Planck, EBEX, CMBPol, PolarBear, Palomar Transient Factory, La Silla SN Search, SciDAC Computational Astrophysics Consortium, The UC High Performance AstroComputing Center, BOSS, DES, BigBOSS, WFIRST (JDEM, SNAP...), SN Factory, etc.



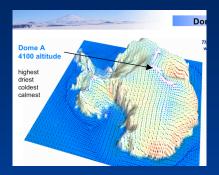


SciDAC Computational Astrophysics Consortium

Carl Pennypacker

1) Collaborating on CCD and Infrared Detector Development and science nineline (Allard-Lunton Method) for Dome A Observatory





2) The HOU Student/Teacher/Scientist Asteroid Search -- over two hundred asteroids discovered by students

A Sample Image Subtraction --



A Sample Image Subtraction -HOU Software at Work

This is a subtracted image. The white and black dots in the upper left corner represent an asteroid.

3) Hands-On Universe Curriculum and Teacher Training: CP is President of Permanent Council, Global HU (5000 Teachers trained last year). Next -- Oakland!! And Universe Quest Afterschool Program:





Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Neutrino Physics and Nuclear Science Division Programs

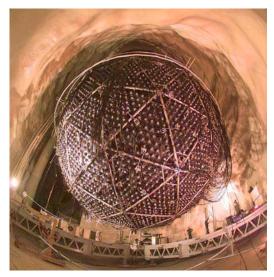
Alan Poon

Institute for Nuclear and Particle Astrophysics Nuclear Science Division

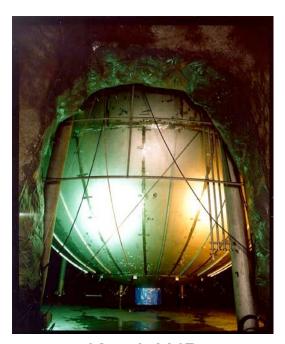
http://neutrino.lbl.gov
awpoon@lbl.gov
+1 (510) 495-2467

Neutrino Physics

- In the past decade, LBNL's Nuclear Science and Physics Divisions played leadership roles in KamLAND and Sudbury Neutrino Observatory (SNO), which demonstrated non-zero neutrino mass and neutrino oscillations.
- In the coming decade, we will try to answer the following fundamental questions concerning the neutrinos:
 - what is the absolute mass scale of neutrinos?
 - are neutrinos their own anti-particles?
 - what is the size of the mixing angle θ_{13} and is there CP violation in the neutrino sector?



SNO



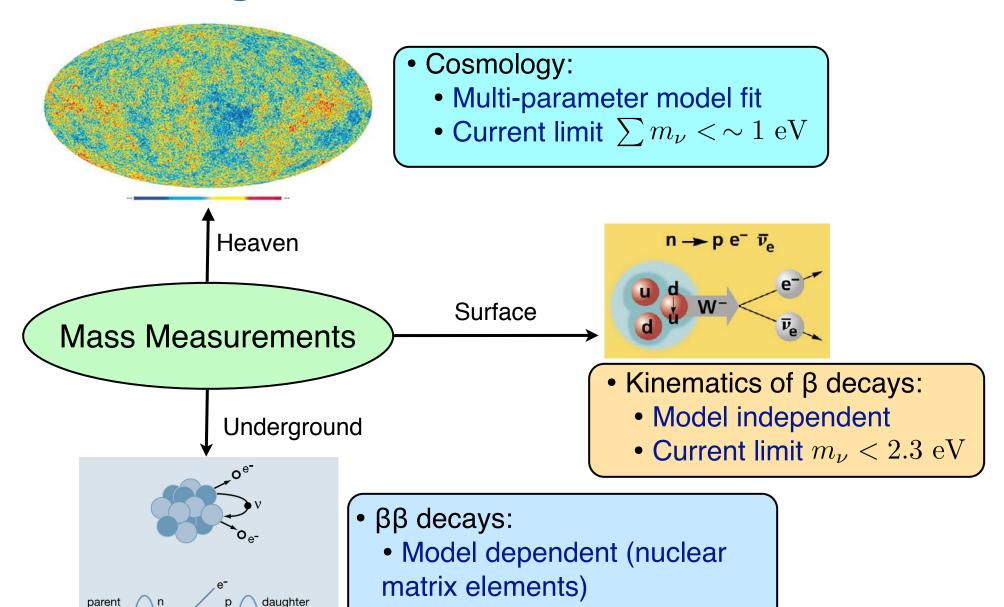
KamLAND



Measuring the neutrino mass

nucleus

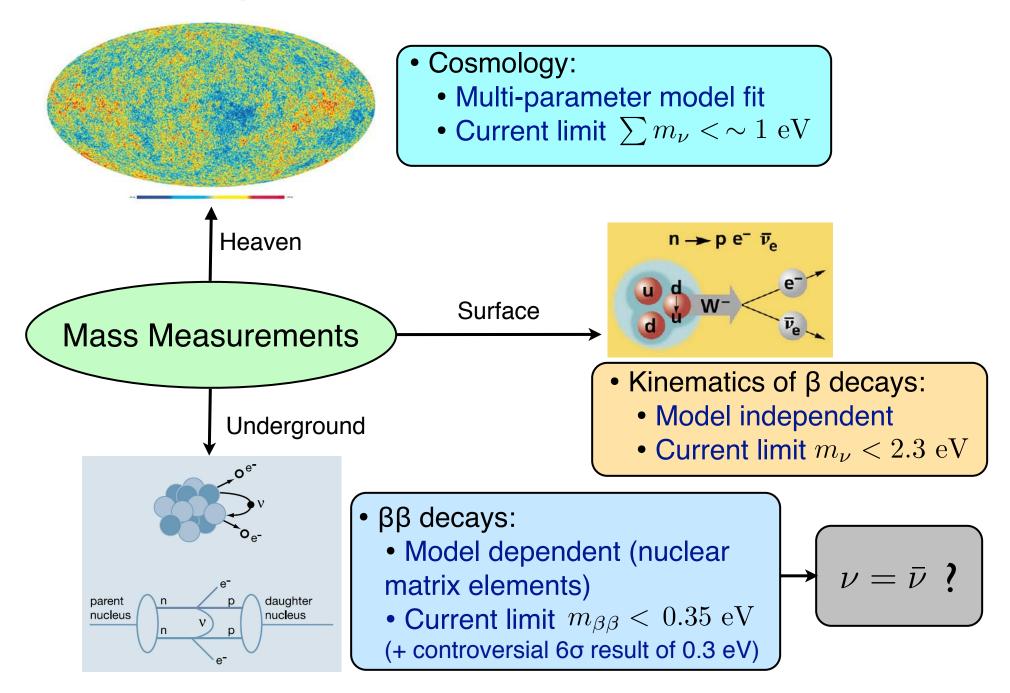
nucleus



• Current limit $m_{\beta\beta} < 0.35 \text{ eV}$

(+ controversial 6σ result of 0.3 eV)

Measuring the neutrino mass



What do they measure?

Cosmology:
$$\sum m = \sum_{i=1}^{3} m_i = m_1 + m_2 + m_3$$

$$m_{\beta} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{3} \left| U_{ei} \right|^2 m_i^2}$$

$$m_{\beta\beta} = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \left| U_{ei}^2 m_i \right|$$

$$\Delta m_{ij}^2 = m_j^2 - m_i^2$$

Complementary measurements

What do they measure?

$$\sum_{i=1}^{3} m_i = m_1 + m_2 + m_3$$

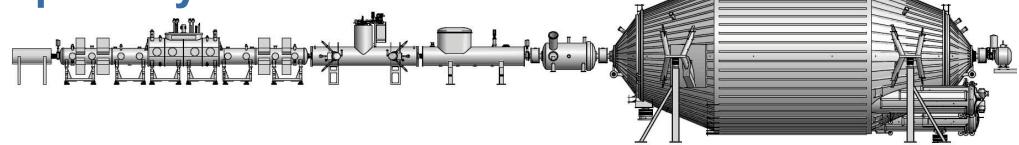
$$m_{\beta} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{3} |U_{ei}|^2 m_i^2}$$

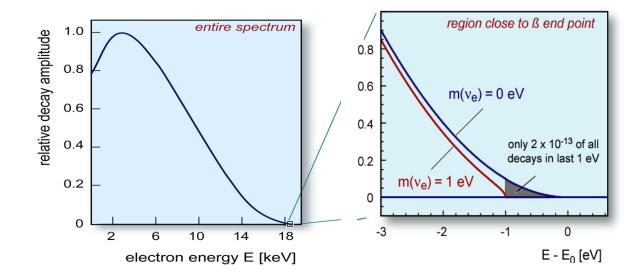
$$m_{\beta\beta} = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \left| U_{ei}^2 m_i \right|$$

Oscillations:
$$\Delta m_{ij}^2 = m_j^2 - m_i^2$$

Complementary measurements

β decay: KATRIN





- ³H beta decay
- Sensitivity: m<0.2 eV (90% CL)
- Construction in progress, physics run to begin in 2012.

β decay: KATRIN region close to ß end point entire spectrum 1.0 relative decay amplitude 0.8 0.6 $m(v_e) = 0 eV$ 0.6 0.4 only 2×10^{-13} of all 0.4 decays in last 1 eV 0.2 $m(v_e) = 1 eV$ 0.2

ALGERIA

³H beta decay

10

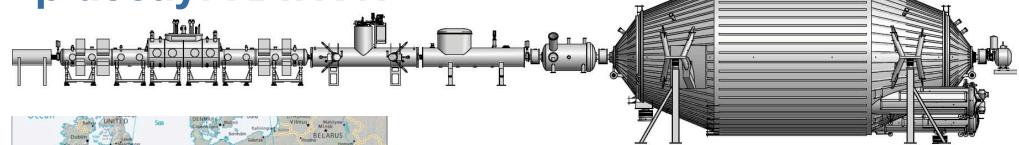
electron energy E [keV]

Sensitivity: m<0.2 eV (90% CL)

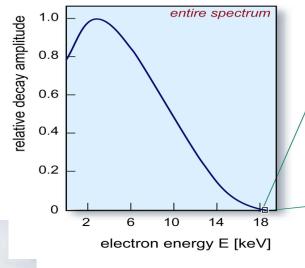
 $E - E_0$ [eV]

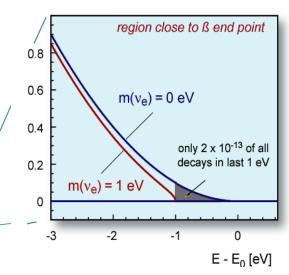
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β decay: KATRIN







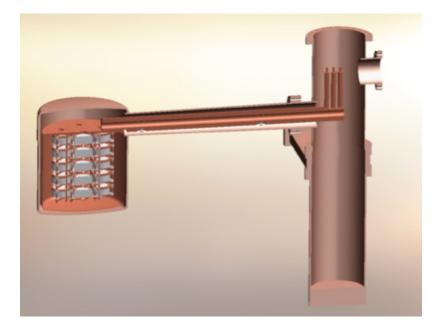


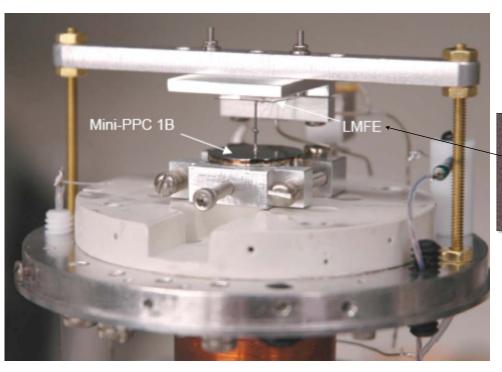


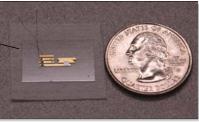
- ³H beta decay
- Sensitivity: m<0.2 eV (90% CL)
- Construction in progress, physics run to begin in 2012.

ββ-decay: Majorana

- ⁷⁶Ge neutrinoless ββ decay experiment
- Construction of a 60-kg prototype, the MAJORANA DEMONSTRATOR, is about to begin. The ultimate goal is to build a tonne-scale experiment
- Advanced HPGe detector and low-noise electronics development at LBNL. We are improving these components for dark matter search as well.







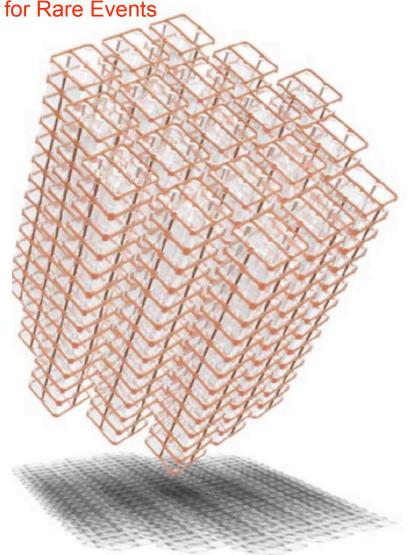




CUORE

Cryogenic Underground Observatory for Rare Events

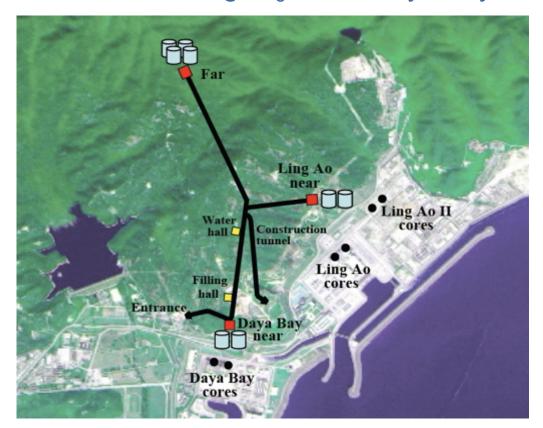
- Neutrinoless double beta decay search in ¹³⁰Te. Detectors are TeO₂ crystals operated as cryogenic bolometers at ~10 mK
- Currently under construction at Gran Sasso National Lab in Italy
- Expected sensitivity to probe the inverted-hierarchy neutrino mass range
- CUORE-0 (first tower of CUORE) will be operated as an independent experiment. Data taking to start in 2011.
- Next-generation bolometer research planned at LBNL with new cryostat





The Daya Bay Reactor Neutrino Experiment

• Determine the unknown neutrino oscillation amplitude, $\sin^2 2\theta_{13}$, to better than 0.01 using \overline{v}_e at the Daya Bay Nuclear Power Plant.

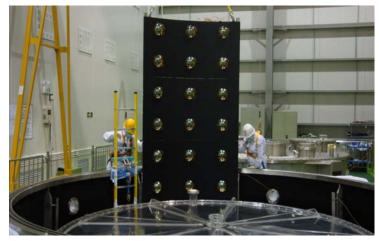


Milestones:

Data taking in Daya Bay Hall 2010 Data taking with all 3 halls 2011

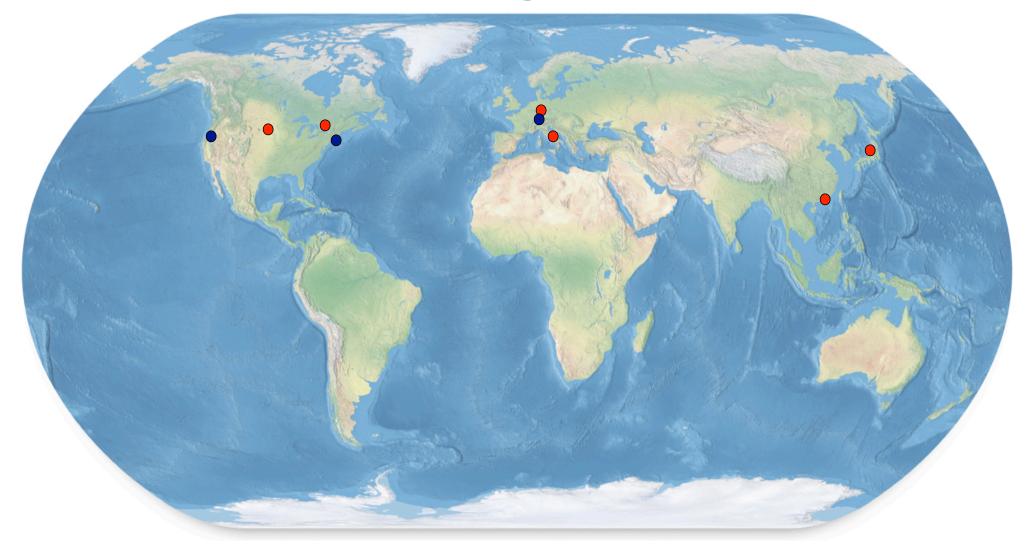


Underground hall



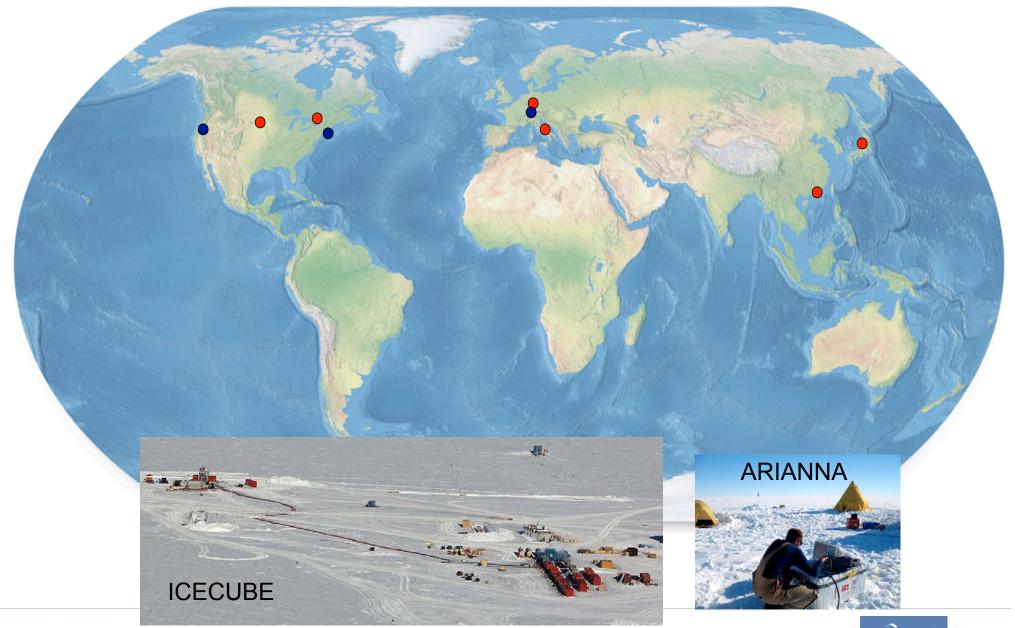


Neutrino and NSD programs





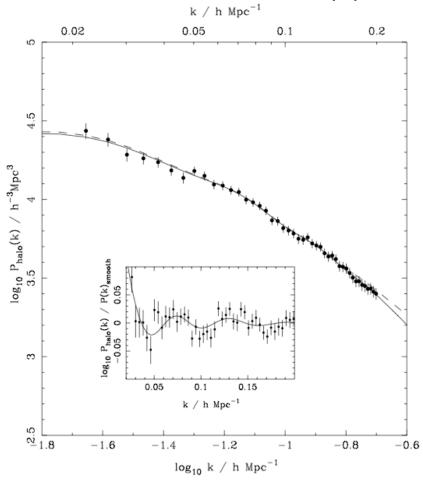
Neutrino and NSD programs





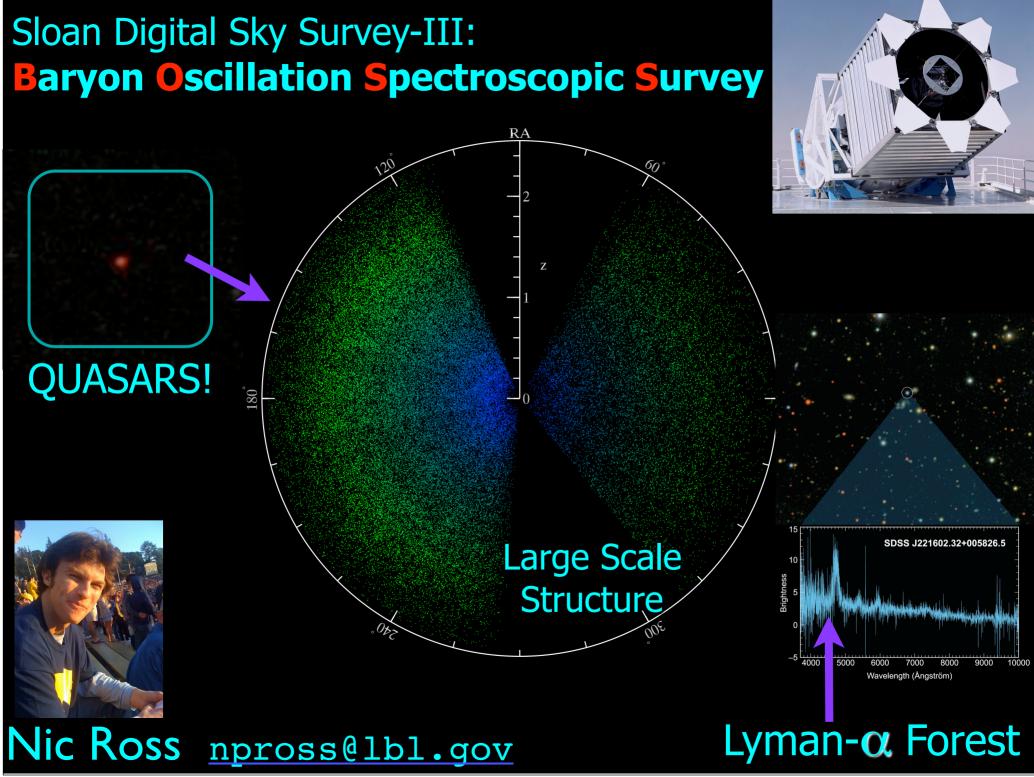
Beth Reid

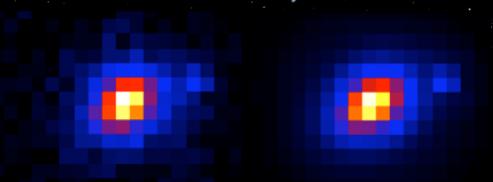
SDSS DR7 LRG P(k)



Princeton (Spergel)
ICC Barcelona (Verde)
LBNL (BOSS)

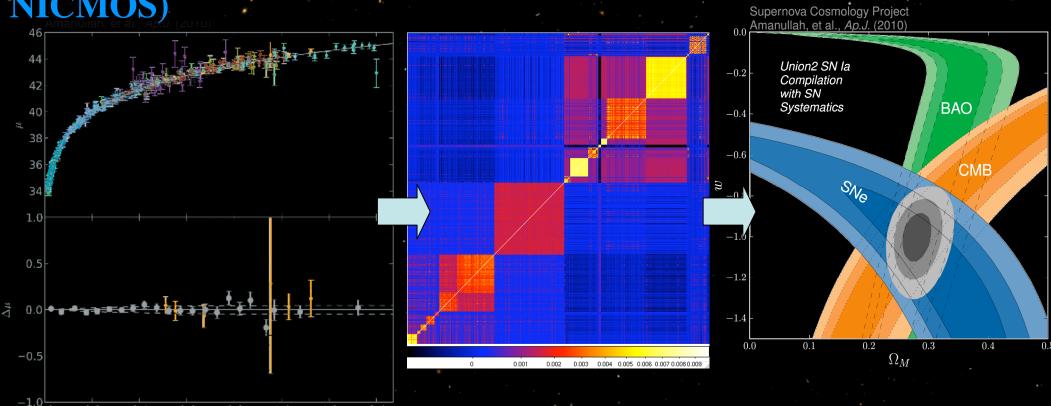
Large-scale structure: BAO, redshift space distortions, neutrino masses, non-Gaussianity, halo model





David Rubin Graduate Student with SCP

Photometry (mostly NICMOS)



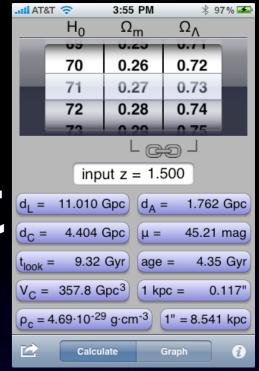
Union Compilation Analysis of

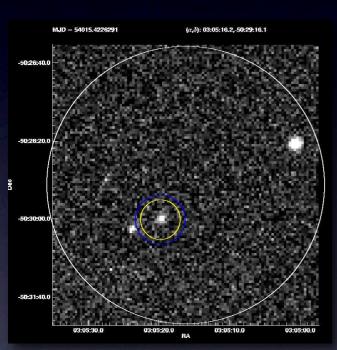
Analysis of Systematic Errors

Cosmology Fitting



Eli Rykoff SCP Project Scientist

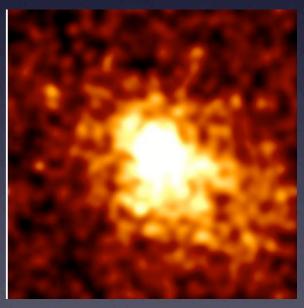




Things that go bump in the night: PhD in 2005, prompt optical observations of GRBs

Things that don't go bump in the night: Cosmology with galaxy clusters (optical + Xray)





Now: back to (slower) transients

Shun Saito

Japanese Society for Promotion of Science (JSPS) fellow
Dep. of Physics, The Univ. of Tokyo / Dep. of Astronomy, UC Berkeley

- * highlights (working on theoretical cosmology)
 - Nonlinear effects on galaxy clustering based on PT neutrino mass
 S.S, Taruya, Takada (2008,2009,2010)
 redshift distortions
 Taruya, Nishimichi, S.S (2010)
 - CMB polarization & Gravitational Wave S.S, Ichiki, Taruya (2007)

* current interest

- Isocurvature perturbation & LSS probes with M.White
- Galaxy Power Spectrum measurement mainly by J.Carlson
- CMB lensing & Weak lensing Namikawa, Taruya, S.S coming soon
- Gravitational Wave Standard Siren Nishizawa, Taruya, S.S coming soon

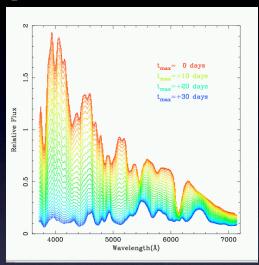
HST Cluster SN Survey Nao Suzuki & SCP





SCP06K0 SCP06G4 SCP05D6 SCP06H5 z=1.415z=1.349z=1.315z=1.231SCP06R12 SCP06A4 SCP06N33 SCP06F12 z=1.212z=1.192z=1.188z=1.110SCP06C0 SCP06U4 SCP06E12 SCP05D0 z=1.050 z=1.014z=1.092z=1.030SCP06C1 SCP06H3 SCP05P9 SCP06Z5 z=0.850z = 0.821z = 0.623z = 0.980

Spectral Time Series with PCA



SNIa Spectral Diversity

